SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1853. NO. 56.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annu in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars an fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines wil be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted. Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

HARDING HAS COME!

YES! WITH THE BEST AND LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, IN HIS LINE, IN THE CITY!

WE can now exhibit to our friends and customers the choicest assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Fine Dress and Frock Coats—Fine Fancy and plain Cassimere Pants—Fine Fancy Silk and Satin and bl'k Silk and Satin Vests, that can be found in any store in the State.

We pride ourselves upon selling the best

READY-MADE CLOTHING

this side of the British Provinces, equal in every respect to Custom Work, and much cheaper than Garments can be made to measure. We shall be receiving daily all the new styles of GOODS that come into market—for we manufacture all we sell— and are able to exhibit something NEW every week.

Call at the World-Wide renowned Clothing Establishment of E. L. HARDING.

March 22, 1853. 36—

Books Just Received.

A NEW Dictionary of the English Language, by Charles Richardson, 2 vols, 4 to

Woman's Record, or Sketches of all distinguished women, from the beginning, till A D., 1850. *Arranged* in four eras, with selections from female writers of every age, by Sarah Josepha Hale, editor of Godey's Lady's Book, &c., illustrated by two hundred and thirty portraits, engraved on wood by Lossing & Barrett.

Select British Eloquence, embracing the best speeches entire of the most eminent orators of Great Britain for the last two centuries, with sketches of their lives, an estimate of their genius, and notes, critical and explanatory, by Chauncey A. Goodrich, D. D., Professor in Yale College.

The Hundred Boston Orators appointed by the municipal authorities and other public bodies from 1770 to 1852, comprising historical gleanings, illustrating the principles and progress of our republican institutions by James Spear Loring.

Industrial Drawing, comprising the description and uses of drawing instruments, the construction of plane figures, the projections and sections of geometrical solids, architecural elements, mechanism, and topographical drawing, with remarks on the method of teaching the subject, for the use of Academies and Common Schools, by D. H. Mahan, L.L. D.

The Lady's oracle, an elegant pastime for social parties and the family circle, by Henrietta Dmount.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

May 2, 1853. 48—

BOOKS.

MODERN State Trials, revised and illustrated with essays and notes, by Wm. C. Townsend, Esq., recorder of Macclesfield, 2 vols. 8 vo.

Church Dictionary, by Walter Farquar Hook, D D. Vicar of Less, sixth edition revised and augmented.

The history of the Church of England, by J. B. S. Carmithen, B. D.

The history of Nero by Jacob Abbott.

Historical and critical essays by Thos. DeQuincy, author of confessions of an English Opium-Eater, &c., &c , 2 vols. 12 mo.

Poems by Mattie Griffith, now first collected.

The Australian Captive, and the gold regions, being fifteen years in the life of William Jackman, with various illustrations, edited by the Rev. J. Chamberlayne.

Agnes Sorel, a novel by G. P. R. James.

Clary Moreland by Emerson Bennett.

Harry Muir, a story of Scottish life by the author of Mrs. Margaret Maitland, &c., &c.

Beatrice, or the unknown relatives, by Catherine Sinclair, author of modern accomplishments, modern society, &c. &c.

The Dean's Daughter, or the days we live in. by Mrs. Gore, author of Mothers and Daughters, the Banker's Wife, &c., &c,

Villette, by Curier Bell, author of Shirly, Jane Eyre, &c., &c. For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

April 26, 1853. 47—

NEW BOOKS.

THE Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution, or illustrations by pen and pencil, of the history, biography, Scenery, relics, and traditions of the war for Independence, by Benson J. Lossing, with several hundred engravings on wood, by Lossing & Barritt, chiefly from original Sketches by the authors, 2 vols. Royal octavo.

Hand Book of Universal Geography, being a Gazetteer of the World, based on the Census of the United States, England and France for 1851, Edited by J Carey Callicat, A.M.

Memoirs of the Queens of Henry VIII, and of his mother Elizabeth of York, by Agnes Strickland, complete in one Volume.

Nick of the Woods, or Jibbenainosay, a tale of Kentucky, by Robert Montgomery Bird, M. A. author of "Calavar," "The Infidel," &c.

A stray Yankee in Texas, by Philip Paxton.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY,

Raleigh, April, 2853. 47--

New Books.

NOTES and Emendations to the text of Shakespeare's plays from early manuscript corrections, in a copy of the folio, 1632, in the possession of J. Payne Collier, Esq., F. S. A.

The History of the Crusades, by Joseph Francois Michaud; translated from the French by W. Robson. 3 vols., 12 mo.

Hang Mair, a Story of Scottish life, by the author of Mrs. Margaret Maitland, Merkland, &c.

New edition of Smith on the law of contracts, with notes and appendix, by J. G. Symon, Esq. Third American edition, with additional notes and references to both English and American decisions, by William Henry Rawle, author of a Treatise on Covenants for Title.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

May 2nd, 1853. 48—

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup. Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G*

Raleigh, Dec. 18, 1851. 14—tf.

IRA BECKWITH,

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favor.—He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

Groceries.

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, &c., &c.

Hardware and Cutlery.

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, platt Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.

Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Also, a fine assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Summer Shoes, cheap for cash. Just to hand.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.

Raleigh, March 27, 1853. 39—1y.

SPRING STOCK OF MEDICINES FOR 1853.

P. F. PESCUD is now receiving his Spring supply of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye stuffs, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, which is in all respects, reliable, and in sufficient quantities to merit a large increase of Wholesale as well as Retail Trade.

With seventeen years experience in his business and greatly increased facilities for purchasing, receiving, and forwarding goods, he hopes to retain the patronage and influence of his customers.

His great aim is to procure the purest and most reliable articles, and will not knowingly sell any other kind, and to this cause he attributes the large increase of his sales and the success which has followed his efforts to gain the confidence of the public.

Physicians and families who have Prescriptions to fill may rest assured that they will be promptly and faithfully executed by experienced persons at all hours of the day or night.

He hopes all who owe him on account or notes due prior to the first of January last, will call and settle, without delay, or remit their indebtedness.

March 14, 1853. 36—

RALEIGH BAKERY,

Fayetteville Street, Opposite the Market House.

THE Subscribers having commenced the above business at the stand lately occupied by Mr. L. B. Walker, and employed competent workmen, intend carrying on the *Baking and Confectionary Business* in all its usual branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage.

Plain or ornamental CAKES made to order, on the shortest notice.

Candy Manufactory.

The Subscribers have in their employ superior CANDY MAKERS, and will keep constantly on hand a supply of fresh Candy, of various descriptions, for sale wholesale or retail.

Wholesale price, by the hundred pounds *fifteen Dollars*, CASH. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to.

Fruits, &c.

A fresh supply of Fruits will be kept constantly on hand, of the finest quality at low prices. Country Stores are particularly requested to favor us with their orders, which will be forwarded on the shortest notice.

JAMES PUTTICK,
JOHN MITCHELL.

Raleigh, March 1, 1852. 31—1y.

NOTICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

J. J. BIGGS & Co. take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the Public in general, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer goods consisting of a fine lot of French and English Cloths, Cassimers and vestings of the latest style. A beautiful lot of white Silk and Satin vestings, and Cravats for Balls and Parties. White Linnen Drilling and Navy Duck, for Summer Pants.

All kinds of Ready Made Clothing both of their own and of Northern Manufacture, very fine and cheap. Also Youths and Boys Clothing, and dressing gowns.

Fine Moleskin and Beaver, black and Drab Hats of the very best manufacture.

The latest style dress Shirts of the most approved cut. Gauze, Silk and Marino undershirts and Drawers for Spring and Summer.

Gloves, Collars, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Cravats and Stocks, in great varieties.

Their stock will be constantly supplied, with the latest arrivals. The very finest assortment of Tailors trimmings on hand.

All orders thankfully received and promptly executed. All garments made to order warranted to fit.

Call at No. 10, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

April 11th, 1853. 42—

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:* Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7 barrel	Still-cap,	Arms and	Worms,	$400
10	do	do	do	485
12	do	do	do	525
14	do	do	do	585
15	do	do	do	615
16	do	do	do	650
20	do	do	do	695
25	do	do	do	750
30	do	do	do	850
35	do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

Just Received and for Sale,

A RICH assortment of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,

Plain Satin and Lustring Ribbons, all colors and widths,

French worked Muslin undersleeves,

Infant's French worked Frock Bodies and Caps,

Ladies' French worked Caps and Collars in great variety,

do	do	Mourning and half Mourning Collars,		
do	do	Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands.		
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,				
Imitation	do	do	do	
Lisle	do	do	do	
Bobbin	do	do	do	

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Thou hast a charmed cup O Fame.

"Like to the Pontic sea!
Whose icy current and compulsive course
Ne'er feels retiring ebb, but keeps due on
To the Propontick and the Hellespont,"

So the undying fame, bright as the "blaze of sunset halos o'er the laurel brow'd'deservedly accorded to those

TRULY FORTUNATE & WELL KNOWN EXCHANGE AND LOTTERY BROKERS,

PYFER & CO.,

No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.,

Will "keep due on," until their popularity extends from the "icy Capes of Labradore," to the scorching sands of Nubia's Desert, and until the Hosannas of a Universe extol their name in one prolonged shout that shall *frighten the reign of chaos, and startle scared echo from her caverned sleep.*

IN LAZY APATHY LET STOICS BOAST.

The grateful praise duly received from every section of the Country, from those who have been snatched from the brink of despair by the untiring efforts of these far-famed and popular Lottery Agents, is the only reward they covet for devoting their energies to the public's service; to them "praises are wages." The immense amonnt of good that

PYFER, & CO.

Trnly Lucky and Far-Famed Lottery Agents,

No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.

Have accomblished by presenting to the public *monthly* a schedule of unsurpassed schemes of

Legal and Responsible Lotteries,

In presenting to our numerous correspondents throughout the Country our very brilliant and elegant schemes for the month of May, we enjoin those, whose expectation were not *fully* realized in April, in the language of the Poet, to

"Attempt the end, and never stand to doubt:
Nothing's so hard, but search will find it out."

READ THE RESULT OF PERSEVERANCE!

In package of whole tickets, the Brilliant Prize $50,210, in Grand Consol, Lottery of Maryland, Cla I, was sent per mail to an old correspondent in Virginia.

$26,000, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$15,000 in package of whole tickets sent to Penn.
$11,000, in package of whole tickets sent to Georgia.
$8,000, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$29,000, in package of quarters, sent to Tennessee.
$12,000, in package of half tickets, sent to Ohio.
$9,000, in package of quarters, sent to N. Carolina.
$5,000, in package of wholes, sent to N. Carolina.

☞ Be sure to address for a handsome Prize,

PYFER & CO.,

No. 1, Light St., Baltimore.

Splendid Schemes for May, 1853.

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

Date. May.	Capital Prizes.	No. of Ballots.	Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages
2	$25,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	$8	$30 00
3	20,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
4	31,000	78 Nos 14 drawn	10	35 00
5	25,500	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
6	24,000	75 Nos 13 drawn	5	18 00
7	40,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	12	45 00
9	25,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	8	30 00
10	18,656	78 Nos 12 drawn	5	19 00
11	30,000	75 Nos 13 drawn	10	35 00
12	25,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	5	18 00
13	13,500	78 Nos 12 drawn	4	15 00
14	50,000	75 Nos 11 drawn	15	58 00
16	5 of 12,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	8	30 00
17	24,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
18	30,909	78 Nos 12 drawn	10	40 00
19	20,000	75 Nos 15 drawn	5	15 00
20	24,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	5	18 00
21	46,000	75 Nos 14 drawn	16	50 00
23	26,000	78 Nos 15 drawn	8	25 00
24	20,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
25	38,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	10	40 00
26	20,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
27	15,000	75 Nos 14 drawn	4	13 00
30	80,000	78 Nos 18 drawn	32	120 00
31	28,500	75 Nos 13 drawn	8	30 00
28	18,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	5	18 00

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

☞ Bank Drafts or Certificates of Deposits payable in Gold at sight, will be promptly remitted to those Correspondents who draw prizes at PYFER & CO'S.

☞ Remember—A PACKAGE of Tickets can draw FOUR of the most splendid prizes in a scheme.

☞ In order to secure a Fortune, and the cash imme diately after the result is known, the readers of this paper have only to remit cash Drafts or prize tickets, o the Old Establibhed, far famed and truly fortunate Exchange and Lottery Brokers,

PYFER & CO.,

No 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

April 30, 1853. 46—

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE cost of Insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock Company. This Company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country. The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year: James Sloan, President; S. G. Coffin, Vice President; C. P. Mendenhall, Attorney; Peter Adams, Secretary and Treasurer; W. H. Cunningham, General Agent.

PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

December 10th, 1852. 7—1y

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber most respectfully announces to the Public that he has made arrangements to keep a

Mechanic's Boarding House.

It is his intention to pay strict attention to the comfort of all who may favor him with their patronage. He begs leave to say that none need apply except those of good habits. PATRICK McGOWAN.

Raleigh, March 15, 1853. 25—w3m.

NOTICE.

THE attention of the citizens of Raleigh is respectfully solicited to the new Gutta Percha and India Rubber Pumps just put in operation near the corner of Hargett and McDowell streets, in the rear of Dr. Miller's office. As to description and merits, the pump will speak for itself. The right for the balance of the State will be sold upon the most reasonable terms by

A. G. BABCOCK,
at Mr. Roland's.

May 3, 1853. 48—3t

PROCTER is this day in the reception of a fresh supply of fine Fancy Cassimeres. Also, Blake and Fancy articles for the neck, and a large quantity of dress Shirts. He has also received that Grey Cassimere which has been so often enquired for.

ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.

April 18th, 1853. 54—

Canton Mattings.

4-4 AND 6-4 fancy and plain Matting received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, April 16th, 1853. 43—

PELETIER'S SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply just received, and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than sven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500-000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been ess than one third of one per cen per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, H. D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, F. F. Fagan, Plymouth, Alexander, Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
S. W. Whiting, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

GREENSBOROUGH Mutual Life Insurance & Trust Co'y.

THIS Company, as its name indicates, is upon the *mutual principle*, and embraces two distinct departments, to wit: Life Insurance and Trust departments. This attractive combination offers to Policy holders double the ordinary security. without destroying their right to a full participation in the entire profits of the Company. Premiums will be received, in cash, either annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be agreed upon at the time the Policy is issued.

In the TRUST DEPARTMENT, or Deposit System, the payments made to the Company are entirely optional with the Depositor, as regards the amount and the time at which they are made. A party may pay in as much or as little, (not less than one dollar,) and as often as may be convenient for him, without any obligation upon him to continue his payments—and may withdraw them at his pleasure.

So that, on the plan of this Company, there is created at one and the same time an assurance *payable at death—a fund available in sickness*—and *a provision for old age.*

☞ See Pamphlets furnished by the Company.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

Directors—Ralph Gorrell, Lyndon Swaim, John A. Gilmer, D. F. Caldwell, Richard Greene, David McLean, Richard Sterling, John M. Logan, D. P. Weir, E. W. Ogburn, Robert M. Sloan, Robert P. Dick, Henry B. Elliott.

President—Ralph Gorrell.
Vice President—Lyndon Swaim.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. P. Weir.
Attorney—John A. Gilmer.
Examining Physician—Edwin Watson, M. D.
Consulting Physicians—D. C. Mebane, M. D.; J. L Cole, M. D.; D. P. Weir, M. D.
General Agent—William H. Cumming.

*** Any information relative to the Company may be had by addressing

D. P. WEIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

February 17th, 1853. 27—tf.

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company, OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1850. 51—

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, FOR 1853.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public generally, that he has recently returned from the Northern Cities, and is daily receiving his SPRING and SUMMER supplies, embracing every thing new and beautiful, all of which were selected with great care, purchased on favorable terms and will be sold at low rates.

He is at this time inreceipt of the following: Black, brown, blue, olive, green and other cloths of various grades:

Semoni, bl'k doeskin cas., fancy casimere, a beautiful assortment, some very pretty Vestings, of every variety and style.

Light silk Vestings for Weddings and Parties, very rich, Cravats, Stocks and Ties, plain and fancy, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, silk and cotton half-hose, Gloves, silk and ganze Undershirts, fine dress Shirts and Collars, a large assortment very cheap, Linen and Cotton Drawers; in fact every article usually found in a gentlemans' Furnishing Store.

He has also on hand a fine supply of Clothing, both of his own and foreign manufacture, any or all of which he would be pleased to exhibit, and to dispose of it at a small advance for Cash or six month's credit to punctual customers.

Cutting done at short notice.

ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.
Successor to Oliver & Procter.

April 15, 1853. 43—

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance the same.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90—

Umbrellas and Parasols.

GREEN and Black, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas.
Embr'd and Watered Parasols, all colors.
Black, Watered, Silk and Linen Parasols.
Ladies Black Silk Summer Umbrellas.

For sale by J. BROWN.

Raleigh, April 19, 1853. 44—

Mattings.

4-4 AND 6-4 White India Matting.
4-4 checked India Matting. J. BROWN.

April 19, 1853. 44—

NORTH-CAROLINA AND NORFOLK.

THE PRACTICAL HATTERS WOULD RESpectfully call the attention of the "Trade" and "Dealers" to their stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS,

the largest and best that has ever been offered in "NORFOLK," and not surpassed by any, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. They are confident that "Merchants" will find it to their advantage to call before making their 'purchases.' Those that are willing to extend to us their patronage, may rely on having 'GOODS,' whether of our own 'MANUFACTURE' or 'IMPORTED,' as 'FASHIONABLE,' 'FINE and CHEAP' as any 'Northern JOBBER.' We earnestly request 'Merchants' to call and be 'CONVINCED.' that we are prepared and *will* furnish every thing in our line on the best terms.

Ladies and Misses Bonnets, in great variety.

Canes and Umbrellas, wholesale.

CEPHALOMETRON!

THIS beautiful instrument is considered one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age. It would be impossible by the minutest description to give a correct idea of its utility. HATS made by it will fit the most difficult heads, conforming to every protuberance and depression of the cranium, thus preventing the unpleasant feeling of a new HAT, and painful headache. We could give you certificates of PHYSICIANS and the experience of the TRADE but would prefer that all may examine for themselves. No one can properly appreciate its advantages without having one of our superior HATS.

☞ HATS made to order in the most fashionable manner, and without extra charge.

STEVENS & BUTT,
No. 7, Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

May 11, 1853. 51—tf

A. M. McPHEETERS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

OFFICE AT No. 10, ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

ALL packages to be forwarded by me, to be directed to my care at Portsmouth, Va., where they will receive my strict attention. All orders for Groceries promptly attended to and furnished at the lowest market price *without* commission.

REFERENCES:

Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C.,
C. Dewey, Cashier do do do.
W. H. Jones, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear,
L. O'B. Branch, Pres't Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Thomas P. Devereux, Esq. Halifax, N. C.
H. D. Turner, J. Brown,
Williams & Haywood, J. M. Towles,
and John Primrose, Merchants, Raleigh.

May 9, 1853. 50—1y.

New Fancy and Confectionary Store, ON MAIN STREET.

Between Messrs. Pomeroy's & Porter's Sign of "BIG BOOT."

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that they have just opened a Store on Main Street. They are determined to give satisfaction to every one that will honor them with a call and will endeavor by all means to render the establishment a superior one of its kind. Their stock consists of the following articles:

Fancy Goods, &c.

French Cups and Saucers, Vases, Children's Tea setts, fine Baskets, Fans, Portemonnaies, Purses, Marbles, Pocket Inkstand, Looking Glasses of all kinds, Bronze Candlesticks, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Essences, Hair Tonics, side, tucking and dressing Combs, Pocket Knifes, Scissors, Hairpins, Needles, Tooth, Nail, Shaving, Comb, Cloth and Shoe brushes, Accordeans, Violins, Flutes, Banjos, Walking Canes, Whips, Guns and Pistols, &c., &c.

Confectionary, &c.

Candies of all descriptions, Chocolate, Maccaroni, Bunch and Layer Raisins in whole, quarter and eighth boxes, Figs, Prunes, Currants, Preserved Ginger, Citron, Sardines in whole, half, and quarter boxes, Oranges, Lemons, Pickles and Preserves in 2-4, 1-4 and 1-8 jars, Filberts, Almonds, Peacan, Walnut, Palm, Cocoa and Pea Nuts, &c.

Cigars.

The choicest brands of Havannah, Principie and Regalia Cigars from 16 to 50 dollars per thousand

Best lump and twisted chewing Tobacco, from 25 cts. to $1,15 per pound.

Groceries.

A general assortment. F. MAHLER & Co

Raleigh, May 3, 1853. 48—

NEW BRICK MACHINE Now in Successful Operation in BALTIMORE!

IT is so simple that any intelligent negro can learn to manage it in two or three days. You have merely to shovel clay into a box and attach a horse to the sweep. The machine tempers the clay and moulds the bricks in the most perfect manner, such as the most experienced hand can scarcely equal. When burned they are found to be stronger and more solid than those made in the usual way, because the clay is worked stiffer under the pressure of the screw than it is possible to mould by hand. It requires one man to shovel in the clay, a boy to put in the empty moulds, another to pass them when filled to the barrow, a third to wheel them to the floor, a fourth to discharge them, a fifth as superuumerary to wait on the rest—in all one man, a horse and five boys, make from eight to ten thousand bricks per day. The gold medal was awarded for it by the Maryland Institute in November, 1852. Price of the four mould machine $250—of the five mould $300, including Patent.

Address F. H. SMITH, Baltimore, Md.

FRANCIS H. SMITH.

May 9, 1853. 50—t8Jn.

University of North Carolina.

THE examination of the classes will begin on *Monday* the 23d May, and continue until the College Commencement on Thursday, the 2d day of June next.

There will be a general meeting of the Board of Trustees on Monday preceeding Commencement, but the Visitorial Committee will be expected to give their personal attendance during the whole period of the examination.

The Committee for 1853 is as follows:

His Excellency, David S. Reid, Pres't Ex-Officio.
Hon. David L. Swain, L. L. D., Pres't of College.
William J. Alexander,
William H Battle,
James W. Bryan,
Henry S. Clarke,
Daniel W. Courts,
John R. Donnell,
William A. Graham,
Cushing B. Hassel,
Samuel F. Hill,
James C. Johnson,
Cadwallader Jones, Jr.
Andrew Joyner,
Matthias E. Manly,
Giles Mebane,
George C. Mendenhall,
John M. Morehead,
Henry Potter,
Walter L. Steele,
Hugh Waddell,
Jonathan Worth,

CHARLES MANLY, Secretary.

May 3, 1853. 49—

Office R. & G. R. R. Company, May 5, 1853.

ON and after Monday 9th inst., the Accommodation Train will leave Raleigh at 5 A. M., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and return the same days, leaving Gaston at 4 P. M. or on the arrival of the Cars from Weldon.

The train will connect both ways with the day train to and from Wilmington, and the trains on the Seaboard Road.

Raleigh, May 9, 1853. 50—tf.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING,

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 83

JUST IN TIME!

PAPER-HANGING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Public that he has just received 22 doz. rolls of superior Paper, consisting of gilded, glazed and various other figures, together with bordering of all kinds, which will enable him to do all kinds of paper-hanging in the neatest and most workman-like manner.

Also, a supply of Window-Curtains, Fire Screens, Reflection Paper.

All persons wishing anything in the paper line could not fail to be suited by calling on me, as I have paper at prices ranging from fifty cents to $1 50 per roll.

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. J. HENRY HARRISS,

Upholsterer and Mattress-Maker.

Raleigh, April 15, 1853. 44—

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

By Parisen & King's Express,

Direct From Our Manufactory.

WITHIN the last week we have received 100 Fine Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, 300 Superior Paris Linen Sacks and Sack French Coats, 200 White and Colored Marseille Vests.

E. L. HARDING.

May 9th, 1853. 50—

Boots and Shoes.

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50. Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Bootees, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.

SELBY & MURRAY.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the Counties of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham. He is to be found at the office lately occupied by Hon Will. H. Haywood, Jr., dec'd.

January 1, 1853. 14—6mw&sw.

CLAUDIUS B. SANDERS, Smithfield, N. C., ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend the Courts of Johnston, Wayne and Nash Counties.

January 10th, 1853. 19—w&swly.

CLEMENT G. WRIGHT, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Office corner of Green and Bow Streets.

January 31st, 1853. 22—wly.

Hull's Tallow Candles.

10 BOXES, Just received. Also, 5 Bags Old Java Coffee. J. BROWN.

Raleigh, February 14, 1853. 26—

French Accordeons.

A SPLENDID lot of French Accordeons—Nos. 4 5, 8, 11, 18, 17, 71, 72, just opened at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

A FRESH supply of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Salmon, Lobsters, Hallibut.

JUST received a small lot of the above, put up in tin pots and hermetically sealed; warranted fresh and genuine, prepared and ready for the table.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, April 1st, 1853. 39—

Macaroni.

BEST quality Macaroni in Store and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

April 1st, 1853. 39—

Weeding Hoes.

A LARGE lot Weeding Hoes, all sizes. Also, Scy the Blades, Grass Blades and Trace Chains, received and for sale, by

JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

A SECOND supply of Garden Seed, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

PHALON'S HAIR INVIGORATOR. Another supply just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Negroes Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay the highest cash prices for number one young Negroes.

R. D. ATKINSON

Smithfield, Dec. 29th, 1852. 13—tf.

WILLIAM H. JONES, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Chatham, Johnston, and Wake.

Raleigh, Feb. 23, 1853. 29—tf.

Saddler, Ferth & Ross' Mustard. A large Case of this Mustard— which is considered the best in the world—by many persons —is just received a Pescud's DRUG STORE.

TEA! TEA!!—Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and Black Tea, very fine, at low price, just received at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

May 16, 1853. 52—

SARATOGA WATER.—Just received and will be kept regularly throughout the season, at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

COD LIVER OIL.—A fresh supply of Rushton, Clark & Co., just at hand at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

MUSTARD.—French, prepared in pots; also English and American in bulk, cans, and bottles, for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

SODA WATER.—Our Fount is now open for the season with all the choice syrups. Drop in and refresh yourself at

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

EXTRACTS for Flavoring—Rose, Vanilla, Orange, Lemon, Bitter Almond, Cinnamon and Pine Apple in store and for sale by

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Scotch Ale.

A FEW Casks Scotch Ale in [illegible] and Pints, in store and for sale by

JAMES McKIMMON.

April 11th, 1853. 42—

THE COMET OF 1856. The following interesting details respecting the comet which is expected to make its appearance about the year 1856 as given by M. Rabinet, an eminent French astronomer, and member of the Academy of Sciences, in an article recently copied in the Courier des Etats Unis. We will avail ourselves of a translation of it which we find in the Boston Traveller.

This comet is one of which historians make mention. Its period of revolution is about three hundred years. It was seen in the years 104, 392, 688, 975, 1264, and the last time in 1556. Astronomers agreed in predicting its return in 1848; but it failed to appear—*manque au rendez-vous*, according to the expression of M. Rabinet—and continues to shine still, unseen by us. Already the observatories begin to be alarmed for the fate of their beautiful wandering star. Sir John Hershel himself had put a crape upon his telescope, when a learned calculator of Middlebourge, M. Bemme, re-assured the astronomical world of the continued existence of the venerable and magnificent comet.

Disquited, as all the other astronomers were, by the non arrival of the comet at the expected time, Mr. Bomme, aided by the preparatory labors of Mr. Hind, with a patience truly Dutch, has revised all the calculations and estimated all the actions of all the planets upon the comet for three hundred years of revolution. The result of this patient labor gives the arrival of the comet in August, 1858, with an uncertainty of two years, more or less; so that from 1856 to 1860 we may expect the great comet, which was the cause of the abdication of the Emperor Charles V., in 1556.

It is known that, partaking of the general superstition, which interprets the appearance of a comet, as the forerunner of some fatal event, Charles V. believed that this comet addressed its menaces particularly to him as holding the first rank among sovereigns. The great and once wise, but now wearied and shattered monarch, had been for some time the victim of cruel reverses. There were threatening indications in the political, if not in the physical horizon, of a still greater tempest to come. He was left to cry in despair. "Fortune abandons old men." The appearance of the blazing star seemed to him an admonition from heaven that he must cease to be a sovereign, if he would avoid a fatality from which one without authority might be spared. It is known that the Emperor survived his abdication but a little more than two years.

Another comet which passed near us in 1835, and which has appeared twenty-five times since the year 18 before the Christian era, has been associated by the superstitious with many important events which have occurred near the periods of its visitation,

In 1066 William the Conquerer landed in England at the head of a numerous army about the time that the comet appeared which now bears the name of Halley's comet. The circumstance was regarded by the English as a prognostic of the victory of the Normans. It infused universal terror into the minds of the people; and contributed not a little towards the submission of the country after the battle of Hastings, as it had served to discourage the soldiers of Harold before the combat. The comet is represented upon the famous tapestry of Bayeux, executed by Queene Matilda, the wife of the Conquerer. The same comet, in 1456, threw terror among the Turks under command of Mahomet 11, and into the ranks of the Christians during the terrible battle of Belgrade, in which forty thousand Mussulmans perished. The comet is described by historians of the time as "immense, terrible, of enormous length, carrying in its train a tail which covered two celestial signs (60 deg.) and producing universal terror." Judging from this portrait, comets have singularly degenerated in our day. It will be remembered, however, that in 1811 there appeared a comet which inspired some superstitious fears. Since that epoch science has noted nearly eighty comets, which with few exceptions were visible only with the aid of the telescope. Kepler, when asked how many comets he thought there were in the heavens, answered, "As many as there are fish in the sea."

Thanks to the progress of astronomical science, these singular stars are no longer objects of terror. The theories of Newton, Halley, and their successors, have completely destroyed the imaginary empire of comets. As respects their physical nature, it was for a long time believed they were composed of a compact centre, surrounded by a luminous atmosphere. On this subject the opinion of M. Rabinet, who must be regarded as good authority on such questions, is as follows: "Comets cannot exercise any material influence upon our globe; and the earth should it traverse a comet in its entire breadth, would perceive it no more than if it should cross a cloud a hundred thousand millions of times lighter than our atmosphere, and which could no more make its way through our air than the slightest puff of an ordinary bellows could make its way through an anvil." It would be difficult to find a comparison more reassuring.

A GOOD EDUCATION. Parents generally are desirous of securing for their children what they call a "good education." This is a commendable manifesfation of parental affection. It still would be more so however, if the *motives* urging them to provide a good education for their children were somewhat more elevated than they usually are. A good education is too generally sought after merely—chiefly as a stepping-stone to wealth or rank, or resepectability in the world. There are considerations rendering a good education desirable, of a much higher and more commendable nature than this. Need we name them? For the present we will leave them to be presented by the conscience and good sense of our readers, while we proceed to say that which we intended to say.

It is this. Parents in desiring a good education for their children, too commonly indulge a very narrow and inadequate conception of what constitutes a really valuable or good education, and also of what influences a child must be brought under to secure it. Do not too many regard a school, a teacher well versed in the usual branches and apt to teach, with approved text-books, about *all* that is necessary in order to secure the good education which they contemplate for their children? It is too generally and too much forgotten, that every conversation which they hear from the lips of their parents, and every action of their lives, which manifest either a low or lofty character, either worthy or unworthy principles; as a part of the education, good or bad, of their children. Is it not too generally forgotten that every word and every deed of the companions and associates of our children has *something* to do in making their education either good or bad? It is not too generally forgotten that the temper, the taste, the habits of their parents, and indeed of all with whom they come in contact, have a powerful influence in making the the education of children either good or bad, according as these are of a happy or unhappy character. Let our children see their parents and all whom their parents receive to their intimacy, living for high, noble, heaven approved ends and objects—such appearing plainly in all conversation and conduct as the ruling purpose of life—and they will *then* be receiving what constitutes the most essential part of what may truly be called a good education.—*Arthur's Home Gaz.*

"How are you Smith?" says Jones. Smith pretends not to know him, and replies hesitatingly; "Sir, you have the advantage of me."

"Yes," retorts Jones, "I spose so; every body has that's got common sense."

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY, (OLD SCHOOL. The Philadelphia Bulletin says this is the largest assembly of this denomination which has ever been held, there being nearly 300 members in attendance, including a delegate from the East Indies, one from Africa and one from California.

On Wednesday the committee on bills and overtures read a memorial from the Presbytery of Baltimore, on the subject of ministers who reside without the bounds of their respective Presbyteries. The committee refer the memorialists to the action of former General Assemblies upon the subject. The action of the committee was approved.

The Sydney Presbytery asked information as to the propriety of admitting to the communion table persons who do not subscribe to the doctrines and principles of the Presbyterian church. The committee on bills and overtures recommended that the matter be left in a great measure to the discretion of the dffferent sessions—the committee being of opinion that persons who join in the communion practically subscribe to the general belief of the church. The report was approved.

The committee on bills and overtures offered a series of resolutions respecting the frequent desecration of the Sabbath, and protesting against the abuse of the day by public conveyance on railroads, &c. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

A report was made in favor of the establishment of a first class Theological Seminary in the West.

Dr. C. C. Jones, the Secretary of the Board of Domestic Missions, gave a history of the rise, progress, and objects of the domestic missions of the church. The operations of the Board have been upon the most extensive scale. Five hundred and fifteen missionaries have been in service during the past year. Receipts of the year $81,000, and expenses $67,000. During the year a debt of $5,000 was paid, and now the Board is free from debt, with a surplus of $17,000 in the treasury. The average salaries of the domestic missionaries are 1372, a sum deemed entirely too small.

The committee on African Colonization made a report, in which they urge colonization, and declare that the elements of prosperity are so strong in Liberia, that in a hundred years it will be the second power upon the face of the earth. The U S. Government is recommended to recognize the independence of the Republic of Liberia, with a view to securing the commercial advantages arising from the recognition. The report was accepted.

The committee on the proposed church at Washington offered a report approving the enterprise and recommending the appointment of an agent to look to the interests of the new church. The report was received.

A resolution was offered relative to the conversion of the Jews, which assumed that the truth of the scripture is involved in the successful prosecution of this work, and urged in strong language the necessity of striving to effect their conversion.

Dr. Spring opposed the resolution, being convinced that efforts to make converts among the Jews at present were useless. Dr. Baird, on the contrary, thought the efforts had been crowned with success. Dr. Breckenridge said he took much interest in the welfare of this ancient people.

The subject was finally recommitted.

The report of the directors of the Union Theological Seminary, at Prince Edward, Va, stating the institution to be in a flourishing condition, was adopted, as was also the report from the Western Seminary at Allegheny City, Pa. Of the Theological Seminary at Princeton, it was stated, in a report, that $20,000 of the scholarship fund had been lost by the failure of certain investments, and it was recommended that the interest of the remaining portion of the fund should be divided equally among all she scholarships. This, after debate, was recommitted to the committee on finance.

THE PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY (OLD SCHOOL.)—On Thursday the record of the Synod of North Carolinu was reported correct and received. A report was made by the committee on education recommending, among other things, high schools for colored people, under the control of the Synods, and the setting aprrt of the last Thursday of February next as a day of special prayer for the increased efficiency of the theological seminaries. The report was placed on the docket; after which the Rev. Dr. Revel, Moderator of Waldensian Synod, was introduced and addressed the assembly in French, which was interpreted by Dr. Baird.

Rev. Dr. Musgrave, formerly of Baltimore, Secretary of the Board of publication, read the report of the Board, showing the finances to be in good condition. The sales during the year amounted to $72,746, 35. Donations for colportage and distribution during the same period, $13.911. The report is adverse to the establishment of a printing office and bindery.

The assembly next unanimously determined to establish a first class theological seminary in the West. Dr. Wood advocated its location at New Albany, Indiana. The discussion was continued by Dr. R. J. Breckenridge, and no vote was taken.

JEDEDIAH SEES THE TWINS. After dickering some time with the longlegged door keeper, Jedediah Homespun up and spent a quarter to see the Siamese Twins. Looking at the curious pair for some time, Jed busted—

"How long you fellers been in that are kind of hitch?"

"Forty-two years," was Eng's reply.

"Du tell! Gittin' kind 'o used to it, I calculate, ain't you?"

"We ought to be," said they.

"Yes, I vow you ought. You fellers b'long to the same church—'spect you do?"

"Yes, indeed," said Chang.

"Want to know! Well, I swan, yeou air hitched queer," said Jed, minutely examining the ligature. One of yeou fellers dies, 'tother feller 'll in be in a pucker, I reckon."

"Would be bad," said Chang.

"Don't drink nothin', I guess—ever go in to swim?"

"Sometimes," said they.

After gazing at them a few minutes in silence, Jed again *busts*—

"Look here, 'spose one on yeou fellers got into a scrape, and was about to be put in jail, how'd you manage that?"

"Oh!" says Eng, "I go Chang's bail?"

"Oh, yes, could do that, by hokey!"

And Jedediah, having exhausted his cross examination, went off whistling, giving a fresh lot of examiners room to put the Twins through a course of similar sprouts.

KOSSUTH. The English newspapers are publishing Kossuth's speeches again. He was recently presented with a copy of Shakspeare, paid for by subscriptions of one penny each, by twenty thousand English workmen, and in the course of his remarks said that he had made six hundred speeches, in England and America, since his release from captivity.

STRAIGHT RAILROADS. Too little attention has been paid in most of the railroads of more recent construction to the curves. These are much too frequent, and too abrupt for safety. Something is saved in the first cost, and often in the grade, by frequent curves; but, in the long run, the straighter the road the better.

From the New Orleans Crescent.

THE COUNTRY NEWSPAPER.

The editor of a city journal is necessarily compelled to look over papers from other cities before any others. He has to cater in a daily issue to the tastes, fancy, or curiosity (call it what you please) of those to whom city life is chiefly familiar, in all its roar, bustle and multiplied variety of incidents; to whom fearful murders, immense robberies, large speculations, lively spectacles, and things of a similar character are alone interesting. The city paper is the reperory of a thousand and one items, not the least interesting of which are to be found in the local column or columns.

We must confess that we not unfrequently turn from it to pick up some country paper, and feel refreshed in the perusal. The ordinary city reader might not appreciate it, but we do. It has not, it is true, a large assortment of original items; in fact, such an item is a rare and highly-prized thing. A murder, robbery, assault, or thunder-storm, a dwelling burnt, a pig-style or sheep-fold or stable entered and feloniously despoiled, a hay-rick, cotton-gin, or sugar-mill burnt, a tavern ball, a cross-roads gathering, a barbacue, an election of board of police, magistrate, &c., are all curiously wonderful incidents, to set forth which properly, immense head ngs of big caps, little caps, heavy italic, &c., are used as freely as the limited supply in the cases will admit of. We have often seen in the country papers captions which occupied more space than the article they so magnificently ushered into the notice of the reader.

A big pumpkin, a mammoth watermellon, an overgrown peach or potato, a good day's picking of cotton, an unusual number of bolls on a stalk, a tall sugar cane, are also matters in which the genuine country editor hugely delights, and on which he extensively dilates.

And the varieties of style in which his paper appears; one week, on a whole sheet, the next on a single sheet; one week, on a brownish yellow paper, the next on the best of white paper, and always with big and little type in the most familiar and sociable neighborhood.

We speak, of course, of the genuine country paper, not of its fashionable cousin, which, issued in the neighborhood of some large town or city, or on the borders of some railroad or navigable stream, dresses itself up finely and puts on pretentious airs. We speak of the country paper which has none of these advantages of location, of the paper published in some little inland village, at which county-court or police board day is a stirring event, the arrival of the stage an exciting incident, the little tavern general head quarters of gossip, &c.

And your country editor is, withal, a right clever, sociable fellow. He keeps nothing back from his readers; he is on intimate and friendly terms with them. If his devil runs away, he announce the fact and—blows the devil up. If his solitary jour printer takes a lively holiday, he announces this fact, claims their compassion, and apologises for "this week's slender amount of matter." If he presents only half a sheet, he pathetically explains that, he sent an order by "the wagon," "a long, long time ago," but that, somehow or other, the paper has failed to arrive, but will certainly arrive next week. He sets his own type, handles his roller, works the press, writes his editorials, keeps his book, (he never has *books*,) and answers questions generally, besides sometimes splitting his own wood, nursing the baby, and carrying water. All these facts he duly lays before his readers in every week's regular issue.

Regularly, too, he has pathetic duns for heartlessly delinquent patrons, and offers to take pay in all kinds of queer articles—wood, potatoes, corn, &c. He has his eloquent thanks, too, for presents of large pumpkins, ears of corn, peaches, hams, hominy, and an occasional bottle of something anti-temperance. He is the embodiment of all news, and with the clergyman, doctor, tavern-keeper, magistrates, one of the five great men of the village. His advertisements are set up like handbills, and their queer mixture of every conceivable commodity draws from him glowing puffs.

He is, withal, a right good fellow, and whenever his face illuminates our sanctum we always gladly lay down our pen, sure of a pleasant half hour of lively, sociable chat. He is not like a city editor, fagged out in a daily treadmill of journalism; and not unfrequenlly his editorials have a genial freshness, a sparkling vivacity, a clearness of common sense, an originality of thought, and a quickness of conception, which the wearied and worn city editor might well envy. Though an oracle in his neighborhood, he is not proud or surly, but patient, good-humored, chatty, fresh as the pure air he inhales far from the dusty, smoky city. He talks what he thinks, and in his own way. He has his holidays, too, and from them he goes back to his work, and sends forth many a royal idea in the indifferent garb his paper is compelled to wear.

SHORT LESSONS IN NATURAL HISTORY. Ants have regular day-laborers.

Ants in the East Indies are horticulturists—they make mushrooms, upon which they feed their young.

The white ant maintains a regular Army of soldiers.

Bees live under a monarchy.

Beavers are architects, builders and wood-cutters—they cut down trees, and erect dams and houses.

Bees are geometricians—their cells are so constructed, as with the least quantity of material to have the largest spaces, and least possible loss of interstice.

Bears, herons and otters are fishermen.

Birds are musicians—whole tribes are musical.

Beavers, in their communities, present us with a model of republicanism.

Caterpillars are silk-spinners.

Dogs, wolves and jackals, and many other animals are hunters.

Elephants exhibited an aristocracy of elders.

Indian antelopes furnish an example of patriarchical government.

The ant-lion is a geometrician—the trap he sets for insects is constructed on exact mathematical principles.

The marmot is a civil engineer—he builds houses and constructs drains to keep them dry.

The mole is a meteorologist.

The mine-killer is an arithemetician. So also is the cow, the wild turkey, and some other birds.

The monkey is a rope-dancer. Man is not his equal in agility.

The nautilus is a navigator—he raises and lowers his sails, and casts anchor at pleasure.

The electrical eel, the ray and torpedo, are electricians and shocking animals.

The prima is a tailor-bird—he sows leaves together to make his nest.

Sheep, in a wild state, are, under a military chief ram.

The squirrel is a ferryman—with a piece of bark for a ship, and his tail for a sail, he crosses the stream.

Wasps are paper-makers.

Wild horses have their leaders, which they are said to select.

A HAPPY WORLD. This is a happy world—who says to the contrary is a fool or something worse. There is everything to make us happy. The land, sea and sky contribute to our enjoyment. The man who has a good heart sees pleasure where a bad person beholds nothing but gloom. The secret, then, in being happy and enjoying this glorious world, is to possess a virtuous heart. Who is the most cheerful and contented man in your neighborhood? The man who is the most honored and possesses the greatest riches! No—it is he who has nothing but a kind and good heart. Nothing ruffles his temper or disturbs his repose. The morning sky, the evening cloud, rolling waters, the blooming landscape, the teeming forests and fields of snow give him pleasure others never dream of. It is he whose mind is 'led from nature up to nature's God,' and every day that he lives is as contented and happy as it is possible for man to be. Depend upon it, the world is a beautiful one, and contains a thousand sources of enjoyment, which they can only see and feel whose hearts are pure and whose lives correspond to the word of truth.

ESCAPE OF ANOTHER OF THE IRISH PATRIOTS. The Catholic Mirror has received information that "Patrick O'Donohue, another of the Irish exiles, has escaped from Van Deiman's Land, and from the clutches of Governor Denison and the English Government. It is thought he left in one of the American ships trading to Australia, and will arrive in one of the American ports on the Atlantic side in the course of a short time." The Mirror, which says the news is from a good source, adds that it is in possession of very important information on this subject, but refrains from publishing it at present, or giving the name of the place from whence it derived the news.

DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Democracy of the first Congressional District was held at Gatesville on Saturday, 17th May.

On motion of J. T. Granberry, Esq., W. Stallings, Esq., was elected President of the Convention, and Dr. R. Dillard and W. A. Ferguson, Secretaries.

The President requested L. D. Starke, Esq., to explain the objects of the Convention. In response to the call, Mr. Starke stated the object to be the selection of a suitable candidate for Congress to be run by the Democratic party of this District.

On motion of Mr. Starke, it was agreed that in voting for a nominee, each county be allowed to cast as many votes as she was entitled to Delegates in the House of Commons.

The roll of counties being called, the following were found to be represented:

Currituck—A. Perkins, J. S. Dey.

Camden—George W. Gordon, W. Pritchard and T. E. Riddick.

Pasquotank—L. D. Starke, E. M. Stanton, George A. Williams, Dr. J. B. Godwin and L. J. Johnson.

Perquimans—J. T. Granberry, J. C. Skinner, T. Wilson, Sol. Eason, John P. Jordan and L. Billups.

Chowan—Dr. R. Dillard and J. C. Badham.

Gates—W. Stallings, R. H. Ballard, C. E. Ballard, J. C. Costen, L. Riddick, Dr. Joseph Parker, Jas. Costen, John F. Parker, J. B. Langston, R. Gatlin, Jno. Willey, B. Saunders, Simon Walters, W. H. Manning, David Parker and W. H. Harrell.

Bertie—W. A. Ferguson.

Martin—A. S. Mooring.

On motion it was resolved that all Democrats present from any of the counties in the District be entitled to take seats and act in the deliberations of the Convention.

On motion of J. T. Granberry, Esq., a committee of two from each county represented was appointed to present the name of a suitable candidate for Congress. Committee: J. T, Granberry, Thos. Wilson, A. Perkins, J. S. Dey, Thos. E. Riddick, W. Pritchard, Geo. A. Williams, E. M. Stanton, Dr. Dillard, J. C. Badham, R. Gatling, R. H. Ballard, W. A. Ferguson and A. S. Mooring.

After a brief retirement the Committee returned and reported through their Chairman the name of Dr. Henry M. Shaw, of Currituck Conuty, as a suitable candidate. This nomination was enthusiastically and unanimously confirmed.

On motion of Mr. Mooring, of Martin, a committee of one from each county represented was appointed to draft and report resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention. Committee: A. S. Mooring, A. Perkins, Geo. Gordon, L. D. Starke, J. C. Skinner, Dr. R. Dillard, W. A. Ferguson and John Willey.

During the retirement of the Committee a motion was adopted appointing a committee of three—Dr. Ballard, T. Wilson and E. M. Stanton—to wait upon J. P. Jordan, Esq., and invite him to address the Convention. They soon returned with Mr. Jordan, who delivered an able, eloquent and patriotic address, happy in conception and admirable in delivery.

At the conclusion of his address, the committee on Resolutions submitted the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The time is rapidly approaching when the suffrages of this, the first Congressionrl District of North Carolina, will be called upon to cast their votes for a suitable person to represent them in the next Congress of the United States; and whereas, we have an unshaken faith in the great principles of the Democratic party—those cherished principles which have given to our country its present proud position among the nations of the earth, and which have been so triumphantly vindicated by the American people in the late Presidential election; therefore,

Resolved, That we reiterate our confidence in, and devotion to, the principles of the Democratic party as handed down to us by the fathers of our political faith, and practised upon by successive Democratic Administrations.

Resolved, That the public lands are the common property of the United States, and should be sacredly devoted to the payment of the national debt and defraying the ordinary expenses of the Federal Government.

Resolved, That experience has vindicated, and many of its former opponents been compelled to acknowledge, the justice and expediency of the revenue principle as opposed to that of protection in levying duties upon imports.

Resolved, That we approve the present Democratic Sub-Treasury system.

Resolved, That we are opposed to a general system of Internal Improvements by the General Government for local purposes: but the opening of an Inlet at or near Nag's Head in this State is an improvement national in its character, and said work ought to be accomplished by the General Government at the earliest practicable period.

Resolved, That in Dr. H. M. Shaw, our nominee for Congress, we recognize a standard-bearer worthy of our party and our cause, and that we pledge to him our most cordial, hearty and enthusiastic support.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to inform Dr. Shaw of his nomination: A. S. Mooring, R. Gatling, Dr. C. E. Ballard, Dr. Dillard, J. T. Granberry, L. D. Starke, George Gordon, A. Perkins, W. A. Ferguson.

On motion of J. T. Granberry, Esq., the thanks of the Convention were returned to the President and Secretaries of the Convention for the efficient and dignified manner in which they discharged their respective duties.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Democratic Pioneer, Roanoke Republican, and Raleigh Standard.

On motion the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

W. STALLINGS, *President.*

R. DILLARD, W. A. FERGUSON, } *Secretaries.*

LEARNING THE CURRENCY IN A SMALL WAY. Of all the close dealers among us the Dutchman live on the least, and shave the closest. It is astonishing how soon they learn our currency. A good thing occurred, however, a few days since, with the keeper of a small "Lager Bier" saloon, in this neighborhood, who undertook to teach his assistant a thick-headed sprout of "Faderland," the difference between "five pence" and "six pence."

"See, John, de piece mit de vomens ish de five pence, and piece midout the vomans ish de six pence."

"Yah!" said John, with a dull twinkle of intelligence.

A wag of a loafer, who overheard the lecture, immediately conceived the idea of a "saw" and "larger bier" gratis, for that day at least. Procuring a three cent piece, he watched the departure of the "boss," and going up to John, he called for a mug of "bier," throwing down the coin, and looking as if he expected his change. John, who remembered his recent lesson, took up the piece, and muttered to himself:

"Mitout de vomons—'tish von sixpence," he handed over three coppers change.

How often the aforesaid was drank that day, we know not; it depended upon his thirst and the number of times he could exchange three coppers for three cent pieces; but when the 'boss' came home at night, he number of small coin astonished him.

"Vat ish dese, John; you take so many?"

"Six-pence," replied John with a peculiarly satisfied leer.

"Six-pence! Dunden and blitzen! You take all dese for sixpence? Who from?"

"De man mit peard like Kossuth; he dhring all day mit himself."

"Der teufel! You give him change every time?"

"Y-a-r!" said John, with a vacant stare.

"Der teufel catch de Yankees," was all the astonished Dutchman could say.

SURRY DISTRICT. GEORGE D. BOYD, Esq., is the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Surry District, in opposition to Col. PURYEAR. Mr. B. is a sterling Democrat and will no doubt rally the full strength of his party. The Whig majority in that district is not so great as to render the election of a Democrat hopeless—indeed Gov. REID carried the district last August, and we see no reason why Mr. B. should not do the same. Let every Democrat do his duty and we believe all will be right.

We are acquainted with Col. P. as one of the immortal 16 "revolutionists" in the last Legislature who were in favor of adjourning without re-districting the State at all, and when an adjournment would have left the government of the State in a chaotic condition; and this, too, after he had pledged himself to support any plan agreed upon by Messrs. Avery and Philips, the sub-committee, who reported a plan. We hope that no portion of the people of North Carolina will select such a man to represent them in the national councils.—*Salisbury Banner.*

[Correspondence of the Standard.]

To the Editor of the Standard, DEAR SIR—The candidates for Congress in this, the 6th District, met in Rockford on the 10th inst., being Tuesday of Surry County Court. A large number of the voters of Surry and Yadkin were present.

Mr. Puryear opened the discussion by stating that he was a Whig, had always been a Whig, and expected to die a Whig; that upon the old issues he had advocated the Whig policy, and that the longer he lived the more firmly was he convinced of the soundness and correctness of Whig principles. He then proceeded to discuss the question of the Public Lands, and charged, substantially, that the Democrats are the enemies of North Carolina and the other old States, that they are engaged in squandering the Public Lands among the new States, and are altogether unworthy of representing the Old North State in the next Congress, but that he was the man, the particular and intimate friend of the Old State and the dear common people, and wanted to go to Congress to secure for them an equal distribution of the Lands, or their proceeds—he did not care which. He blamed the Democratic party in the last Legislature for not electing a Senator when (as he said) they had it in their power to do so. He, with several other Whigs, voted for Gen. Saunders, and all that was necessary was for the Democratic party to come over to *him* and elect the General.

Let us pause a moment, Mr. Editor, and determine what ought to be done with the Democratic party for not dropping their caucus nominee and going over to the ever-to-be-remembered and never-to-be-forgotten Col. Puryear. Are you not a little surprised to hear that the Colonel has become the eulogist of Gen. Saunders? Well, Sir, he is dead in love with him—owing to his land notions. His effort on that point was a perfect failure, for there was not an intelligent man in the house who belived that Col. Puryear was sincere in his support of Gen. Saunders. We all believe that if the body of the Democrats had gone over to Gen. Saunders Col. Puryear and his other Whig supporters would have dropped him instantly.

Mr. Boyd then took the stand and announced himself as the Democratic candidate. He said he did so reluctantly, because there were other Democrats in the District who he would prefer to see occupying the honorable and responsible post of standard-bearer in the contest, but he was induced to come forward by the urgent solicitations of Democrats from every part of the District—that he was then at their service, and designed visiting every County in the District, and discussing the public questions to as many people as he could possibly see between now and the election. My opponent, said Mr. Boyd, has told you that he was a Whig upon all the old issues. Let me understand him. Does he mean to say that he is in favor of a United States' Bank? Will he answer me, yes or no? [Here Col. Puryear rose and spoke for a quarter of an hour about banking in general. The State bank system had succeeded very well, but he was not prepared to say that the country would not have been better off if they had continued the United States' Bank.] Everybody was amused at his efforts to keep from committing himself to any points, and his disposition to deal in general declamation. But George D. Boyd was not the man to be put off in that way—he remarked that he knew no more about the gentlemans position than he did before, and asked him if he would introduce a bill in the next Congress, or vote for one, to establish a United States' Bank, if he should be elected. Col. Puryear said he would not. Mr. Boyd asked him if he was in favor of disturbing the present arrangement of the Tariff by increasing the duties on foreign imports. Here the Colonel spoke about ten minutes, about protection to our manufactures, &c., but would not say that he would vote to disturb the present Tariff. He seemed to have forgotten that most of the Whigs in the Legislature of 1850–'51 voted for Erwin's resolutions, and thereby formally abandoned their old doctrine. Mr. Boyd then remarked that, notwithstanding his declaration in favor of all the old issues, upon being questioned he seemed unwilling to disturb the present Democratic measures upon which the Government is now administered, and which the whole country have approved, and submitted it to the people to say if it were not better to send a man to Congress who would acquiesce with the President in carrying out these measures in good faith than to send a violent politician who would do everything in his power to annoy and perplex the Administration by a factious opposition to any measure whatever, provided it was of Democratic origin.

With regard to the Public Lands Mr. Boyd placed himself upon the Baltimore platform, and contended that the position of the great Democratic party upon that subject was defined in their resolutions adopted last June. That if the Whigs, as a party, had any position upon that question he would like to know it. Where was their position defined? There was not one word to be found on that subject in their last platform. Why were they silent? Because there were two bills before Congress at the time their platform was constructed—one, Bennett's bill, popular in the old States, the other, the Homestead bill, popular in the new States—so that if they adopted the principle of either they were obliged to lose the support of the friends of the other, and consequently they *forgot* to say one word about this great question, in order that Col. Puryear and others might contend for one thing here and their Western bretheren for decidedly different, and yet all be good Scott Whigs. He contended that if a distribution should be made, and North Carolina should receive a large sum as her share, still it would be nothing more than putting in with one hand and taking out with the other, for, said he, these proceeds have been applied to defray the expenses of the general government; now, if she should give them away, it would be absolutely necessary to raise the same amount in some other way, and how would that be done? Why, of course, by increasing the duties on foreign imports, and as North Carolina is a consuming State her taxes in that way would amount to a great deal more than she would receive by a distribution. Should they distribute the lands the general government would no longer be bound to protect them, and North Carolina could not do so conveniently, as her share might be more than a thousand miles distant, and how could we prevent the States in which they lie from taxing them, and in a few years selling them for taxes.

As to being an enemy of North Carolina, Mr. Boyd said he would appeal to the record to see who had been her friend when friends were needed. He said when the Mexican war was declared I was too old to go, the country would not have me, but, Sir, I voted for an appropriation by our Legislature of ten thousand dollars to equip our regiment and defray their expenses out of the State. Col. Puryear, we all recollect, would not vote the appropriation without the infamous and traitorous preamble—he voted against every attempt to strike out or amend the preamble. He also voted against giving the election of officers to the regiment, which I hope will not be forgotten on the first Thursday in August.

I have given you a full account of the discussion, which was closed by some humorous hits, leaving the audience in the best of humors.

Our candidate bore himself manfully, and made a very favorable impression. He warmed up the Democrats, and will get the vote of every one who heard him. If Democrats will only do their duty he will carry the District. This is debateable ground—let us work then till the day of election, and success will crown our efforts. Yours. &c.,

A DEMOCRAT.

Rockford, May 14th, 1853.

PERFUMES. Professor Playfair, in a late lecture before the Society of Arts, stated that some of the most delicate perfumes exhibited at the Crystal Palace were not, as formerly, distilled from flowers, but generally from the most disgusting substances. A peculiarly fœtid oil is formed in making brandy and whiskey. This oil being distilled with sulphuric acid, and the acetate of potash, gives the oil of pears. The oil of apples is made from the same oil by distillation with sulphuric acid and bichromate of potash. The oil of pine apple is obtained from a product of the action of putrid cheese on sugar, or by making a soap with butter, and distilling it with alcohol and sulphuric acid, and is now largely used in England in the making of pine apple ale. Oil of grapes and of cognac, used to impart the flavor of French cognac to British brandy, is little less than fusel oil. The artificial oil of bitter almonds, now so largely employed in perfuming soap and flavoring confectionery, is prepared by the action of vitrolic acid on the fœtid oils of gas tar. Many a fair forehead is damped with eau de millefleur (water of a thousand flowers) without knowing that its essential ingredient is derived from the drainage of cow-houses.

HYMN OF NATURE.

BY W. O. PEABODY.

God of the earth's extended plains!
  The dark green fields contented lie:
The mountains rise like holy towers,
  Where man might commune with the sky:
The tall cliff challenges the storm
  That lowers upon the vale below,
Where shaded fountains send their streams,
  With joyous music in their flow.

God of the dark and heavy deep!
  The waves lie sleeping on the sands,
Till the fierce trumpet of the storm
  Hath summoned up their thundering bands;
Then the white sails are dashed like foam,
  Or hurry, trembling, o'er the seas,
Till, calmed by Thee, the sinking gale
  Serenely breathes, depart in peace.

God of the forest's solemn shade!
  The grandeur of the lonely tree
That wrestles singly with the gale,
  Lifts up admiring eyes to Thee:
But more majestic far they stand,
  When, side by side, their ranks they form,
To wave on high their plumes of green,
  And fight their battles with the storm.

God of the light and viewless air!
  Where summer breezes sweetly flow;
Or, gathering in their angry mights
  The fierce and wintry tempests blow:
All—from the evening's plaintive sigh,
  That hardly lifts the drooping flower,
To the wild whirlwind's midnight cry—
  Breathe forth the language of thy power,

God of the fair and open sky!
  How gloriously above us springs
The tented dome of heavenly blue,
  Suspended on the rainbow's rings!
Each brilliant star that sparkles through
  Each gilded cloud that wanders free
In evening's purple radience, gives
  The beauty of its praise to Thee.

God of the rolling orbs above!
  Thy name is written clearly bright
In the warm day's unvarying blaze,
  Or evening's golden shower of light.
For every fire that fronts the sun.
  And every spark that walks alone
Around the utmost verge of Heaven,
  Was kindled at thy burning throne.

God of the world! the hour must come,
  And nature's self to dust return;
Her crumbling altars must decay,
  Her incense fires shall cease to burn!
But still her grand and lovely scenes
  Have made man's warmest praises flow;
For hearts grow holier as they trace
  The beauty of the world below.

MONEY! MONEY!!

WHEREAS, for a period of twenty years we have diligently studied how we might best ameliorate the pecuniary condition of the Human Family, and deserve the applaudits of mankind. We are now happy almost beyond the power of expression, to impart the joyous intelligence that the hour has come when we can proclaim to the Nations of the earth the completion of our extended labors in the announcement that we have found out at last the process by which riches may be easily acquired, and a most extraordinary fact is, that we give to the world, *gratis*, the offspring of these wearisome researches, which consumed nearly a quarter of a century in gestation, asking ourselves for revealing this "open sesame" nothing but the delightful assurance that mankind will be at last convinced of the practicability of garnering a golden harvest through the medium of

PYFER & CO.,

The Truly Fortunate and Far-Famed Lottery

BROKERS,

No. 1, *Light St., Baltimore, Md.*

Let not a few frowns of Fortune cast you down:
She were not Fortune if she did not frown
Those who in patience bear her scorns awhile
Are those on whom, at last, she most will smile.

MOST GLORIOUS SUCCESS!

PRFER & CO. sold and paid last month a Mountain of Prizes!

EVERY DRAWING TELLS A CHEERING TALE!

☞ The most successful method to draw a Prize is to *Purchase a Package!* The experience of every day strengthens this declaration.

"*No such word as Fail," at Pyfer & Co's.*

☞ Forward your Orders without delay!

Splendid Schemes for June, 1853.

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

Date. June.	Capital Prizes.	No. of Ballots.		Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages
1	$30,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	$10	$35 00
2	20,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	5	15 00
3	21,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
4	40,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	12	44 00
6	25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	8	20 00
7	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
8	35,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	10	35 00
9	18,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
10	13,500	78 Nos	12 drawn	4	16 00
11	55,498	75 Nos	11 drawn	15	58 00
13	26,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	8	30 00
14	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
15	31,000	78 Nos	14 drawn	10	35 00
16	21,500	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
17	24,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
18	40,000	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	40 00
20	28,500	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
21	20,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
22	30,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	10	36 00
23	24,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
24	15,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	4	13 00
25	70,000	78 Nos	12 drawn	30	88 00
27	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
28	16,312	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	20 00
29	33,461	75 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
30	20,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	5	16 00

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

☞ Bank Drafts or Certificates of Deposits payable in Gold at sight, will be promptly remitted to those Correspondents who draw prizes at PYFER & CO'S.

☞ Remember—A PACKAGE of Tickets, can draw FOUR of the most splendid prizes in a scheme.

☞ In order to secure a Fortune, and the cash immediately after the result is known, the readers of the paper have only to remit cash Drafts or prize tickets, to the Old Established, far famed and truly fortunate Exchange and Lottery Brokers,

PYFER & CO.,

No 1. Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

May 30, 1853. 56—

New and Fashionable Jewelry.

WE are receiving our new supply of Watches, Chains, Seals, Keys, Ear Rings, Breastpins, Finger Rings, &c. PALMER & RAMSEY.

Raleigh, May 24, 1853. 53—

Just Opened,

SOME very fine Bracelets, and full setts of Breast Pins, Ear Rings, something new.

PALMER & RAMSEY.

May 34, 1853. 54—

A Fresh Supply of

BROWN, clarified, crushed and pulverized Sugars, Rio, Laguyra and Java Coffees, Beef Tongues and Dried Beef, Soda and Water, Butter and Sugar Crackers,

ALSO

4 CASKS Scotch Ale, and London Brown Stout,
1 Port Wine, a superior article,
1 Claret Wine, St. Julien.

Received at F. MAHLERS & CO.

Bank of the State of North Carolina,

RALEIGH, May 4, 1853.

RESOLVED that the Branch of this Bank, at Elizabeth City, be discontinued, from and after the first day of June, 1853.

By order of the Board of Directory.

C. DEWEY.

May 13, 1853. 32—6w.

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1853.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING BY THE YEAR IN THE SEMI-WEEKLY STANDARD.

One square, 6 months, 14 lines to a square,		$10
" " 12 " " "	"	$18
Two squares, 6 months, "	"	$15
" " 12 " " "	"	$25
Three squares, 6 " " "	"	$20
" " 12 " " "	"	$30

A limited number of advertisements will be taken for the Weekly paper, but no deduction will be made on any but yearly advertisements. These will be inserted for one-fourth less than the regular charge.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

The above terms will be rigidly adhered to.

The Standard has a large and constantly increasing subscription list. It circulates in all the towns and counties in the State, and is read by farmers, mechanics, miners, merchants, ship-owners, turpentine-getters and distillers, lumber-men, and by professional and business men generally. Advertisers will, therefore, consult and advance their own interests by seeking public attention and favor through these columns.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

It will be seen by the proceedings of the Gatesville Convention, in another column, that Dr. H. M. Shaw, of Currituck, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the First Congressional District. Dr. Shaw, we are gratified to learn, has accepted the nomination, and will at once take the field. We most cordially concur with our friend Starke, of the Pioneer, in every word he has uttered in commendation of Dr. Shaw. The Pioneer says:

"We have also the pleasure of informing our friends that Dr. Shaw intends canvassing the District, visiting the various counties and addressing the people. Indeed we have all along known that if he could be induced to accept, he would do so—such is the composition of the man, that he cannot do things by halves—the Rubicon once passed, his whole soul becomes engaged in the cause, and all his energies are concentrated in a powerful effort to carry his point. We know that he has a stumpy road to travel over—we know that the Democracy have to battle against the odds, and we know that to overcome the opposition we have got to *work*. Dr. Shaw is just the man for this. He will throw himself manfully into the breach—he will deal blow for blow—he will do *his* part toward redeeming the District from the thraldom of Whiggery—

"And though we hope not hence unscathed to go,
Who conquers *him* shall find a stubborn foe."

The Pioneer, in another article, says:

"We hail with unbounded satisfaction the nomination of Dr. H. M. Shaw, of Currituck, as the Democratic candidate for Congress at the ensuing election. He is a Democrat of the right stripe—modest in his deportment, but firm in the advocacy of those principles upon which are based the prosperity of our country and the permanency of its institutions. He presents a clean record as a public man, while his private character is "beyond suspicion and above reproach." He has a clear head, a sound and discriminating judgment, and a firmness of purpose which cannot be shaken. As a speaker his style is perspicuous, plain and practical—addressing itself as well to the superior judgment of the learned as to the comprehension of the unlearned. He does not deal much in tropes and apostrophes, but with facts and figures—with causes and effects. In a word, he is a matter-of-fact man, who, while possessed of the advantages of a liberal education and enlarged reading, prefers to call things by their right names, and treat them in a common sense way.

We shall have much to say of him before the canvass is over; and will only observe for the present, that we are proud of such a representative in the canvass—that he is eminently worthy of the support of every Democrat—and that, as he has beaten the wheel-horse of Whiggery in the Senatorial District, we have a strong confidence that he will greatly weaken, if not utterly defeat, the wheel-horse of Whiggery in the Congressional District."

We refer our readers to the admirable Resolutions adopted by the Convention. "Under this sign we conquer." Let every Democrat in the District at once buckle on his armor and go forth to second the efforts of our candidate—we say *second*, for no man will outwork Dr. Shaw in this contest, whether on the stump or among the people. We know the man, and we hail his nomination as an omen of triumph. He possesses an energy, a spirit, a determination, which if promptly and effectively sustained by his friends, will compel victory to the Democratic standard. "A long pull," brother Democrats—"a strong pull, and a pull *altogether*," and the day is yours.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

We learn that the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of this State, which assembled in this City on Thursday last, was very fully attended. All the Ministers of the Diocese but four, we learn, were present.

The rule of this Church, in electing a Bishop, requires the Clergy in attendance to agree upon a person for the office, and then nominate to the lay delegates, who confirm or reject as they may think proper. The Clergy balloted repeatedly, without coming to a decision, until Saturday evening, when the Rev. Thomas Atkinson, of Baltimore, was duly nominated and elected. We learn that the Rev. Dr. Mason, of this City, and Rev. Dr. Drane, of Wilmington, were voted for, among others, by the Clergy; but no choice could be effected until the name of the Rev. Mr. Atkinson was brought forward.

The handsome and capacious new Church has been occupied during the sitting of the Convention, and crowded by strangers, delegates, and citizens in attendance on Divine Service.

The Convention adjourned on Monday, the 30th inst., to meet in Wilmington in 1854.

FIRE.

On Sunday morning last, about three o'clock, a small wooden tenement in the Southeastern part of the City, was discovered to be on fire, and was soon thereafter consumed, an aged white woman, by the name of Mitchell, perishing in the flames. The tenement was occupied by three different families. It is not known how the fire was communicated, but it is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The old woman who was burned was on the second floor, and so afflicted with the rheumatism that she could not make her escape; every effort, however, was made to save her, but she could not be reached through the smoke and flame.

The tenement belonged to J. M. Towles.

☞ Lawrence Badger, Esq., has become associate Editor of the Goldsborough New Era. Mr. Badger is well know as a ready and agreeable writer, and his connection with the New Era cannot fail to be advantageous to that paper.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.

We have received the following returns of the late election in Virginia, by mail and the telegraph:

Richmond, May 27. The following is the result in this State as far as received:

In the first district, Hon. T. Bayly, Democrat, for Congress, had no opposition.

In the second district, Millson, Democrat, is re-elected.

In the third, John S. Caskie, Democrat, is chosen by about 300 majority.

In the fourth, W. O. Goode, Democrat, is elected over Campbell, Whig, by a large majority.

In the 5th district, John T. Wooten, Whig, beats Bocock. Dem. 176 votes in Campbell county. As there are two Democrats in the field the result is doubtful.

In the 6th district, Powell, Democrat, is doubtless re-elected.

In the 7th district, Edgar Snowden, Whig, is 142 ahead of Smith, Democrat, with Orange, King George, Stafford and Spottsylvania to be heard from. Result doubtful, with the chances in favor of Smith.

In the 9th, 10th, 11th, and 13th districts there was no serious opposition to the democratic candidates. For the Legislature, as far as heard from, the whigs gain in Nottoway and Amelia 1, Jefferson 2, and Clarke 1—total 4. The democrats gain one in Henrico.

In Alexandria Lewis McKenzie, whig, is elected to the legislature, and Major Thomas to the State Senate from Alexandria and Fairfax. In Fairfax, Wholley, whig, is elected to the House.

The returns for Commissioners of the Board of Public Works, in the 1st and 2d districts, are too imperfect to indicate the result. In the 3d district, Armstrong, dem., had no opposition.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Norfolk, May 27.—At the election held yesterpay, Dr. McKenny, whig, was elected to the Senate, and Dr. Mallory, whig, to the House. Millson, democrat, for Congress, also received a majority, and is doubtless elected. Daniel, democrat, for Commisionor of Public Works, received a majority over Boyd, independent.

Wheeling, May 27.—Steenrod for the Senate, has from 1,200 to 1,300 majority in this city, and is elected in the district. Messrs Gally and Campbell are elected to the House of Delegates.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Alexandria, May 27.—The following is the vote for Congress as far as heard from:

	Snowden, w.	Smith, d.	Scott,	Pierce.
Alexandria	644	339	784	577
West End	64	75	—	2
Fairfax C. H.	10	—	5	—
Warrenton	—	30	—	83
Salem	53	—	78	—
Fredericksburg	52	—	—	45
	823	444	867	707
	444		707	

Snowden's maj. 379 Scot's mj. 169

Snowden's gain 219, The district gave Pierce 761 majority.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Harper's Ferry, May 27.—The following are the returns for Congress as far as received.

	Faulkner, d.	Boteler, w.	Pierce,	Scott.
Jefferson	821	818	898	958
Berkeley	183	—	173	—
Clarke	29	—	123	—
Frederick	25	—	397	—
Loudon	—	1061	—	1025
	1058	1879	1591	1983
		1058		1591

Boteler's majority 821 Scott's mj. 392

Boteler's gain, 429.

The counties of Morgan, Warren, Page and Hampshire remain to be heard from, which gave Pierce 1,577 majority.

In Jefferson county, Button and Gibson, whigs, are elected to the House of Delegates, being a whig gain of two members.

Mr. Venable. We regret to learn that Mr. Venable has been confined at home, the past week, by sickness in his family. He has also himself been indisposed. This will account for his failure to meet his engagements at Johnston and Orange Courts. We trust that his own health and that of his family has already so improved as to enable him again to mingle with the people.

Republican Banner. We have received the first and second numbers of the Republican Banner, published at Salisbury, by Frank. I. Wilson, Esq. The Banner is an excellent paper. We trust friend Wilson will receive the patronage and encouragement due to his industry and his talents.

Wages in Ireland, owing to the "continued exodus, have reached a higher point than ever during the war." A large railroad contractor, reports ten shillings per week, as the lowest rate at which he can now procure laborers of an ordinary class.

Mr. Lewis. This gentleman passed through this place on Wednesday last, having addressed the people of Orange the day before in Hillsborough. He reached Smithfield on Thursday, and addressed the people there, it being as in Orange, the week of County Court.

James C. Stevenson, Esq., of Newbern, has been appointed Postmaster at that place.

A Pleasant Route to New York. The most pleasant as well as economical route to the North, is by the splendid Steamship Roanoke from Norfolk. Leaving Raleigh on Tuesday morning at 5 o'clock, by the accommodation train, the traveler can spend the night in Portsmouth or Norfolk, and going on board the Steamer at 11 o'clock Wednesday, reached New York in about 24 hours. The expense of a trip by this route is, from Raleigh to Norfolk $7; from Norfolk to New York $8, including meals. We are looking with much anxiety for a daily train between Raleigh and Portsmouth; this can be done without at all interfering with the daily train to Petersburg, thus affording a choice of the two routes. *Post.*

The Pilgrims, Fishermen. Mr. Sabine, in his very able report on the Fisheries, favors the idea that *one object* had in view by the Pilgrims in coming to this country, was the pursuit of fishing, and among other authorities which he cites is a "Brief Narrative of the *true* grounds and causes of the first planting of New England," recently discovered in England. In this narrative Mr. Winslow speaks of an interview between King James and the agents of the Puritans, who went over to England from Leyden, in 1618, to solicit his consent to their going to America. The Monarch asked them, "What profit might arise?" He was answered in a single word—"Fishing." Whereupon James replied: "So God have my soul, 'tis an honest trade; 'twas the Apostle's own calling."

Clingman and Gaither. It seems likely that Col. Gaither will be worse beaten this heat than he was two years ago. Clingman is scorching him on every occasion. We will raise our figures of last week and put his majority at 3000, and we shall not be at all surprised if it goes 500 over that. *Salisbury Banner.*

[Correspondence of the News]

DISCUSSION AT LENOIR.

Mr. Editor: On to-day the candidates for Congress in this district, Messrs. Clingman and Gaither, addressed the people of Caldwell county. There seemed to be a great anxiety existing among the citizens generally to hear the candidates, and the Court House was crowded as I never have seen it heretofore. The opening speech was made by Col. Gaither, and though less vindictive and more prudent than his effort at Marion, still it was characterized by no forcible display of argument, nor did the effect produced by it last longer than during its delivery. He was lengthy, and his attacks upon Mr. Clingman were so petty, so numerous and so unavailing that no one could trace from the beginning his course till he concluded. He began by alluding to his defeat for Solicitor,—charged that Mr. Avery had misrepresented his constituents in voting against him, and said that he early in the season determined to oppose Mr. Clingman for Congress. He attacked Mr Clingman's course in regard to the election of Senator—alleged that his votes on the Compromise measures of 1850 indicated that he was a disunionist, and that his opposition to the election of General Scott to the Presidency was an evidence that he was no Whig, &c. Col. Gaither labored to arouse old party prejudices, loomed upon his devotion to his party since his boyhood, walked the stand to and fro and gesticulated in his most vehement manner imaginable During the hour and a half the Col. spoke, no enthusiasm was produced except one or two cheers by two or three persons.

The gallant Clingman arose to reply amid the anxious smiles of an attentive audience, and made one of his happiest efforts. His friends were more than gratified, and have determined to be more active for him in the present campaign than they were two years ago. He first noticed the course of the editor of the Asheville Spectator toward him as a public man, and carried conviction to the minds of all in attendance, that that paper was not a proper medium through which his political career should be assailed. After reading editorials from a paper published by the editor of the Spectator in Wisconsin, in which he exhorted the public to rally to the support of Farwell, a fre esoiler, for Governor, he held out to the gaze of the assembly the representation of a large Eagle, hovering over this ticket. Mr. C. stated that Col. Gaither's organ was edited by this same gentleman, and the manner in which he exposed the affair drew forth the applause of the listeners. He confessed that a Senator's seat was a high position, and one worthy of the aspiration of any politician but denied using any unbecoming means to obtain it. In regard to his course on the Compromise measures, Mr. C. said that he had fully met the charges of his opponent two years ago, and that as the freemen of the district had approved of what he had done, the fact of being called a disunionist could now have no weight. Mr. Clingman alleged that his refusal to support Gen. Scott was founded on reasons contained in a letter written by him to Dr. Mills last Fall, which was circulated through the District. He told Col. Gaither that Scott was the worst beaten man that ever ran for any office in the U. States, except the Colonel himself, and that he was surprised to see that he (Col. G.) was not more sagacious than to attempt to ride into office on a broken down horse. Mr. Clingman told the people that the alteration in this district had been made to effect his downfall, but that as it was before the strongest Whig district in the State and he had beaten Col. Gaither badly, he did not fear that the change would materially affect his prospects.

At the close of Mr. C's speech, he said he had not, he feared, made a very interesting speech, from the fact, that the effort of his competitor made it difficult for him to see what he had to reply to.

Col. Gaither, in his rejoinder; said that the course of the editor of the Spectator while in Wisconsin had nothing to do with the precent canvass—seemed exasperated—charged Mr. Clingman with lending money to the editor of the Asheville News, for which he had neither mortage or note, &c.,—made some allusions to disunionism—whereupon Maj. E. P. Miller prompted Col. Gaither and told him to read from particular paragraphs in Mr. C's former speeches. Maj. Miller played the part which Col. Fagg did at Madison, and made several votes for Mr. Clingman.

Rest assured, Mr. Editor, that Clingman is as strong in Caldwell as he was at the last election; and that Gaither's speech has gained him nothing. It is stated by numerous persons in attendance at this Court from Wilkes county, that Clingman will beat Gaither in Wilkes and Watauga. To our friends throughout the district, we say, onward! be of good cheer! Push on the colmnu—Clingman leads, and our constitutional rights are safe. S.

Lenoir, Caldwell county, May 10.

State Fair. We are glad to see that the action of the Wake Agricultural Society, relative to the construction of buildings for the permanent establishment of a State Agricultural Fair at Raleigh, has met with a proper response from the city authorities of Raleigh. We say we are glad to see this; but, still, while we are willing to admit that the Fair ought to be held at Raleigh, we are happy in knowing that if the citizens of Wake refuse to supply the farmers of the State with suitable grounds, and buildings, that the people of Wayne will, at once take measures to do this, provided the Fair be established permanently at Goldsboro'. This is no idle conjecture. Col. John Everitt proposes to pay $500 for this purpose, and will be followed up to the utmost extent of his liberality by Messrs. Lane, Collier, Caraway, Kornegay, Slocumb, Cobb, Thompson, Edmundson, Baker, Hollowell, Kennedy, and a host of other men, who never falter in such laudable undertakings.

We will enter into no rivalry with our fellow citizens of other counties, except that of doing good, and will only add that Wayne county is ready and willing to furnish both ground and buildings for the Annual State Fair, on the terms prescribed above, should the citizens of Wake fail to do so.

Goldsborough New Era.

New York Crystal Palace. The tone of censure which the New York press has lately indulged in regard to the management of the Crystal Palace has induced the architects of the building to put on a large number of extra workmen, and report in writing to the directors that the building will be completed so as to be ready for the reception of goods by the middle of June, and the directors thereupon state that they feel confident they will be enabled to open the exhibition between the 1st and the 15th of July. The charge for admission is fixed at fifty cents. On Thursday, the stock of the company advanced eight per cent., in consequence of the extra efforts now making to finish the edifice. The scenes of immorality and dissipation in the vicinity of the Palace are eliciting no little denunciation. The Express says:

"In the vicinity of the Crystal Palace, Sunday dissipation attains its climax. Grog shops, bowling saloons and billiard rooms, of all sorts and descriptions, have started up there, and we are credibly informed that the *daily* receipts of one of these houses do not fall short of $1,000!!"

Sale of Fine Tobacco. By invitation of Messrs. Vaughan & Young, Inspectors at Oaks Warehouse, we attended the sale of 25 hhds. of Tobacco, consigned to Messrs. Britton, Todd & Harrison, of this city. Previous to the sale a large number of gentlemen partook of a handsome collation prepared for the occasion, and which being of a good quality and finely served up, was demolished in the shortest order. The average sales will bear comparison with that of any other lot of tobacco sold in the State during the present season. Planters in Virginia and North Carolina will find it to their advantage to sell their tobacco in this market. Look at the following prices:

G. K. Parham,	3 hhds.	at $4 80, 6, 8¼.	
A. Bridges,	3	do	at $11.
J. Williams,	1	do	at $4.
J. B. Hobgood,	5	do	at $20¼, 22, 12¾, 10¼, 7¾.
E. Dalby,	2	do	at $6, 8½.
J. W. Dalby,	3	do	at $20¼, 10, 9¾.
J. D. Hawkins, Trustee,	2	do	at $10¼. 9¾.
J. B. Green,	2	do	at $11, 8¼.
John Smith,	2	do	at $10¼.
Lucy Carter,	1	do	at $7¾.
J. R. Fuller,	2	do	at $7¾, 4¾.

Petersburg Democrat.

The Iron Trade. The iron which we import for railroads is paid for by bonds. We perceive a very important amelloration in our own iron establishments. Iron masters are making large profits and are uttering no complaints. The rise in prices abroad, which our ad valorem duty renders so much higher on importation, has been of greater effect than any tariff, with specific duty, in protecting the home iron trade. *Balt. Sun.*

Important from Mexico—Tyrannical Decrees of Santa Anna.

New Orleans, May 24. By an arrival from Vera Cruz, this morning, we have dates from the City of Mexico to the 9th instant.

Santa Anna is adopting severe measures against all who he thinks holds what he considers pernicious opinions, and the opinion gaining ground that he is following the model of Louis Napoleon, and is looking steadfast to the attainment of an imperial crown.

The President has also ordered the arrest of all who served as guerillas in the American army during the late war, who are to be tried by court martial as traitors to their country.

Santa Anna has also published a list of the Mexican officers who surrendered as prisoners of war to General Scott when the Capital was taken, and has issued a decree degrading them in rank in the army, and dismissing such of them as may be in civil employment.

The army is being organized and increased, and the National Guards are to be forthwith reformed.

Governor Frias, of Chihuahua, has marched with all the military he could muster to oppose force the occupation of Masilla Valley by the American troops under the orders of Governor Lane.

Further from Mexico—Attempted Revolution in the City of Mexico.

New Orleans, May 25. The steamer Texas, from Vera Cruz, brings dates to the 27th, and reports that, on the 17th, a revolution broke out among the National Guards, in consequence of an order from Santa Anna to incorporate the National Guard with the troops of the line. The revolution lasted three days, during which business was entirely suspended, the regular troops having taken possession of both forts, the national streets and the city gates.

A brisk firing was kept up during the whole time, but finally ended on the 20th by the entrance of the regular troops from Jalapa, who took 50 National Guards as prisoners. Quiet was subsequently restored, and about fifty National Guards were killed, and many wounded.

Later from Mexico.

New Orleans, May 25th. Dates from Mexico to the 18th have been received by the steamer Texas. Santa Anna had issued many other arbitrary decrees. Legislative authority was everywhere suspended, and the offices of Governor and Military Commandant united in the same person. A decree had been issued for disarming all private persons, and prohibiting them to possess arms, powder or ammunition of any kind. The Telegraph had also been brought under the control of the government.

Gov. Lombardini had been promoted to General of Division.

Santa Anna had ordered the remains of all the soldiers who fell in the American war to be disintered and placed in suitable sepulchres. He had also ordered the names of Generals Vasquez and Leon, killed in the war, to be inserted on the banners of the army, and considered as promoted to Generals of Division before death.

A levee had been held of all officers and soldiers mutilated in the American war, called the "Levee of the Mutilated," at which a feeling address was made by Santa Anna, who said the country never forgot them.

A new National Bank had been started based upon a Government loan of $8,000,000 or $12,000,000.

The French Minister had assured the Government that the new expedition of Count Raonsett de Boulbon had been dispersed.

From the Mesilla Valley.

El Paso, April 25, 1853. Governor Trias arrived at El Paso yesterday, with 750 men and 150 officers, to command the levies of militia he has made upon El Paso, La Real and Sineca, from which places he had made a call for 700 men.

The General looks well. He reports the withdrawal of the Mexican Minister from Washington, war with Spain, &c., &c. General Montenegro, with 6000 men, is reported as *en route* from Sonora and below to the copper mines. General Morales, with 2000 men, is expected daily from Durango. The excitement in El Paso is very great, and all breathe war and death to los Americanos.

Salezar, the Mexican Boundary Surveyor, is just from the city of Mexico, and reports the decision of the Mexican Government to consider as a declaration of war the refusal on the part of the United States Government to recognize Bartlett and Conde's boundary. They think they have outwitted us, and mean to set up great pretensions in consequence.

* * * * * * * *

We have but little news aside from war rumors. I tried to visit Fort Webster copper mines a week or two ago, but, after getting about half way, was run back by Indians, who chased C—— and myself (who were alone) back to Captain Bee's camp at Santa Barbara. They run us about fifteen miles

One day Later from California—Over Two Millions of Gold Come.

New York, May 25. The steamer Star of the West arrived here this morning from San Juan. She brings 437 passengers, $80,000 in gold on freight, and $300,000 in the hands of passengers. Her dates from San Francisco are to the 1st of May, being one day later than previous accounts. She made the entire passage in 23 days and 11 hours from San Francisco.

The steamer Georgia, from Aspinwall, has also arrived, bringing same dates from San Francisco. She left Aspinwall on the evening of the 15th, with a large number of passengers, $1,679,679 in gold on freight, and $200,000 in the hands of passengers.

San Juan was healthy at latest dates. The U. S. sloop of war Cyane was there, and all well. She expected to leave for Havana on or about the 26th instant.

The steamer Pacific made her passage from San Francisco to Juan del Sud in just 12 days, including the regular stoppages. Not a single death occurred during the whole passage.

The express office of Adams & Co., on Mormon Island, near Sacramento City, had been robbed of $15,000 in gold dust.

The markets at San Francisco, on Saturday, were unusually quiet. Flour unchanged. Pork declining; Mess $26 50.

Guilford Copper. We have in our office some specimens of Copper Ore from the Beard Mine, in Guilford, owned by Messrs. Cain, Kirkland, Webb, and others, of this place. This mine was leased to some gentlemen in Guilford, who worked it some time for Gold, a considerable quantity of which was obtained, though the operations were carried on under unfavorable circumstances. Since the Copper fever broke out, attention has been called to this mine, and it is believed that it will prove to be rich in its yield of Copper. The specimens in our possession, though picked up after others had selected the best, are decidedly good; and as the quantity is supposed to be immense, it is highly probable that this mine will be found to be extremely valuable.

More Copper. Messrs. Turner and Jones, while quarrying for rock to build a culvert for the North Carolina Rail Road, have discovered a quantity of Copper Ore, some specimens of which have been left at our office. From a comparison of this Ore with specimens from a Guilford mine—(the Fentress mine, we think, which a company is now working with profit)—we should pronounce the Orange Ore to be of excellent quality. It is not yet ascertained in what quantity it exists, but a promising feature in the discovery is, that the quantity of Ore seems to increase as they go down into the quarry. The specimens furnished us were taken at the depth of about two feet. The quarry in which this Copper Ore was discovered, is upon a tract of land owned by Josiah Turner, Esq., lying on the Pittsborough road, about three miles south west of this place, and about two miles from the Rail Road. It is worthy of remark, also, that the rock taken from this quarry, is good Granite, some beautiful specimens of which we have seen. *Hillsborough Recorder.*

"Fair and Foul." The New York Times tells an anecdote of a celebrated living divine who was once under the necessity of reading from his pulpit, the announcement of a meeting, to whose objects he was by no means favorable. What made the matter still worse, says the Times, was the fact that ladies were announced as among those who were to deliver addresses. However, our pastorial friend was not a man to shrink from the performance of any duty. He read the notice in a clear, firm voice, the ladies' names and all, and then added, "if this congregation is anxious to hear how nearly a hen can crow like a rooster, they are especially invited to attend."

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

Richmond, May 27.

Sales of Tobacco by N. M. Martin & Co.: E. B. Hicks, 1 hhd at $6 50; W. W. Michaux, 1 at 11 25; R. H. H. Walton, 1 at 10, 1 at 11 and 1 at 13; J. W. Gilliam, 1 at 5 75; Wm. Hunt, 2 at 8 and 8 50; E. Dromgoole, 2 at 8 50; W. H. Suit, 1 at 10 50; A. Hall, 1 at 9; J. Y. King, 1 at 9 50; Wm. Hayes, 5 at 9; W. M. Sneed, 1 at 5 50; Col. John Lewis, 3 at 5 50 and 2 at 5; W. D. Coley, 1 at 13; Jno. R. Garland, 1 at 13; Maj. J. F. Harris, 3 at 10, 10 50 and 13; J. M. Norwood, 5 at 7 75, 8, 2 at 9 50 and 13; M. Bobbitt, 1 at 10; P. Thorp, 1 at 6; W. P. Williams, 5 hhds, 2 at 4 75, 2 at 4 80 and 1 at 6 25; A. Moseley, 3 at 5, 6 and 7 25; W. C. Bullock, 2 at 7 75 and 7 87; W. J. Branch, 4 at 6 87, 8, 8 50 and 9; E. A. Lewis, 3 at 4 90, 6 and 8 25; A. S. Buchanan, 1 at 11 25; C. Roberson, 1 at 11 50; Wm. Lett, 1 at 7; Jno. Hargrove, 1 at 6 25; J. A. Orgain, 1 at 5 85; W. B. Rodwell, 2 at 9 50; P. H. Joyner, 2 at 5 40 and 9 50; J. W. Kidd, 1 at 11; A. W. Shaw, 2 at 9 50; S. Satterwhite, 2 at 6 and 6 25; J. C. Davis, 2 at 5 50 and 7 50; C. H. Oliver, 3 at 6, 6 75, and 8 75; W. Hendick, 2 at 6 50; S. Burwell, 1 at 9 50; J. P. Braswell, 1 at 9 25; Dr. J. R. Hicks, 1 at 6 26; P. Tucker, 2 at 7 75 and 10 50; Rev. F. H. McGuire, 2 at 4 62; W. H. White, 1 at 7 75; Mrs. P. Jones and W. Cooper, 2 at 8 and 10 25; J. R. Debnam, 2 at 4 80 and 7 75; T. N. F. Alston, 1 at 10 25; W. S. Lyon, 1 at 6 25; Jas. Lyon, Sr., 1 at 6 50; Jas. Seward, 1 at 4 90; Dr. D. E. Jiggetts, 8 hhds, 2 at 8, 8 50, 3 at 8 75, 9 25 and 10; Jno. H. Bullock, 2 at 5 40 and 7 50; P. F. Boisseau, 2 at 7 25 and 7 87; J. H. Daner, 2 at 6 50 and 8; Dr. P. H. Foster, 1 at 5; Mrs. N. Turner, 3 at 5 80, 6 50 and 7 50; Mrs. C. H. Lyon, 2 at 7 75 and 11 75; T. N. F. Alston, 1 at 6; W. B. Craile, 1 at 5 70; J. T. Pope 1 at 5 60; W. H. Boyd, 2 at 9 50 and 10; 2 hhds, E. E. Lyon, 1 at 6 50 and 1 at 14 50—the latter to Cosby & Wintree—1 hhd, J. J. Kelly at 14; 4 J. F. Macklin at 7, 10 50, 11 and 14 62; 3 S. S. Cooper at 9, 10 and 12 50; G. N. Green, 1 at 15; 1 W. H. House at 10 50; 1 E. E. Lyon at 20—the last 11 hhds to Jas. Thomas, Jr.—4 hhds. J. B. Allen, at 7 75, 12, 14 and 20 50—the three last to T. & S. Hardgrove, for their "Twin Brother" brand.

We stated in our last report that we would give extracts from letters in regard to the scarcity of plants.

We have many letters from different parts of the country, speaking of the scarcity of Tobacco plants; and, as we cannot give extracts from all, we have taken some from the different counties.

"Mecklenburg, May 19, 1853.

The prospect for Tobacco planting is the worst in regard to plants I have ever known in an experience of 36 years. I have seldom known, (perhaps never,) a crop to fail from want of plants; but this must be a failure on that account, this year—the thing is inevitable. I know in all my neighborhood but three persons who will have enough, and many who will have comparatively none. Many talk of planting their tobacco lots in corn, as they can hope for no assistance from their neighbors. The present state of the weather is that which must favor the increased depredations of the miserable little insect which has been, and is still destroying the plants; and if a speedy change does not take place, there will be almost a total failure. Few have planted any; and among these, *very few* have planted any worth estimating. Tobacco buyers will not, I know, believe this statement. Planter though I be, I know they are great croakers, and have frequently cried "Wolf," when there was no wolf; but it *is* not the case now. I have never suffered so much from the fly before, and am not peculiar in that respect. All agree that the depredations are more extensive than the "oldest inhabitant" has ever witnessed."

"Mecklenburg, May 21.

Tobacco, I think, must rise, from the present prospect of a crop. I shall say nothing about the scarcity of plants, as buyers will not believe anything that is said, and you may hear enough from others."

Warren County, N. C., May 22.

There is a gloomy prospect for a crop of Tobacco to be planted this year, owing to the scarcity of plants and the want of seasons."

"Granville, N. C., May 22.

We have planted scarcely any Tobacco, and of what we have planted, half has died, and plants are dying in the patch. Three-fourths of the planters have not planted the first plant, and not one in five will be able to plant their crops in this neighborhood in good time, if it proves to be seasonable from this time."

"Granville, N. C., May 17.

Very little tobacco has been planted, and there is a general complaint about plants; few persons have plenty. How it may yet turn out, depends entirely upon the seasons from now until the middle of June. One thing is certain, the crop will not be planted early this year, and the price of the present crop now on hand cannot be affected as it sometimes happen by an early prospect for an overgrown crop."

"Warren, May 20.

Plants are very scarce, and what there is cannot be planted for the want of rain."

"Franklin, N. C., May 21.

We have a great scarcity of plants in this neighborhood, with no plants yet set."

Richmond Enquirer.

The Right of Way. The following incident was related at the celebration on the occasion of the completion of the Railroad to La Salle:

A Sucker from the region of "Egypt," who had strayed up and squatted on the line where the road was to run, was applied to for the right of way through his farm.

He objected strenuously, and persuasion appeared to be useless. They would spoil him farm, and he had *hearn* his cattle would all be killed when the locomotive came along.

When told that the Company would pay him for all such damages, he met the agent with the reply:

"Why, yes—perhaps they might—if a feller could catch 'em; but when they come along with one of their 'cow-catchers' and stuff off his stock in the night, the darned thing would be in Chicago before he could get up and dress himself."

A Delicious Domestic Scene. Inquiring young Lady—Oh, dear, do tell me how Charles declared his love.

Expectant Wife—Well, Fanny, we were in the parlor, you know, and all at once he turned up his eyes so, I thought he was ill. Then he turned them down, and squeezed my waist, and asked me if I'd have him—and—and—

Inquiring Young Lady—Well, dear—well what did he do next?

Expectant wife—Nothing, dear; but I said "yes," and gracious! how he kissed me! Then, dear, I laid my head on his shoulders, and then we talked, dear. Oh, how I trembled. I thought I never should go through it!

Disguising the taste of Medicines. Dr. Polli recommends a means, founded on the physiological fact that a strong impression on the nerves, whether of vision, hearing or taste, renders that which follows less perceptible. Instead of applying to the mouth, therefore, agreeable substances, *after* swallowing nauseous medicines, we should prepare it *before*, in order that the taste of the medicine may not be deceived. Aromatic substances, chewed just before, as orange or lemon peel, &c., effectually prevent castor oil, &c., being tasted. In preparing the mouth for bitters, liquorice is the only swett that should be used, the others creating a peculiarly disagreeable compound taste.

Prof. Emmons. This gentleman, accompanied by his son, remained in Salisbury one night last week. We had quite a long conversation with him, and found him one of the most pleasant and most interesting gentlemen we have ever met with. We were pleased to learn that he will commence a survey of Rowan county very soon. He seems to have the interests of North Carolina much at heart; and his labors have already been productive of great benefits to her. *Salisbury Banner.*

Louisiana. The Legislature of Louisiana adjourned *sine die* on the 30th April. The great measures of the session were the acts subscribing three and a half millions on the part of the State to the Jackson, Shrevepoit, and Opelousas railroad. Another act of importance to the State is one establishing a system for draining and reclaiming its swamp land. A general banking law was also passed. The floating debt of the State was provided for by authorizing a loan of [illegible],000; and, to meet the interest and provide amply for the expenditures of the State in future, the taxes have been raised to one-sixth of one per cent. on the appraised value of the taxable property.

MARRIED.

In Alamance county, on the 19th instant, by the Rev. William Linebery, Dr. William Ryan Denny to Miss Eliza Ann Patterson, all of Alamance.

In Jackson, Miss., on the 12th instant, Mr. Henry E. Windley, formerly of Washington, N. C., to Miss Kate Lemly, of Jackson.

DIED.

In this County, on the 22d of May, of bilious fever, in the 28 year of his age, Mr. Sidney J. Holland, leaving a wife and two little girl children, with many relatives to mourn his absence. The deceased had been a worthy member of the Baptist Church for more than 15 years. [Com.

County Court Clerkship.

We are requested to announce THOMAS G. WHITAKER, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Wake at the ensuing election.
March 2d, 1853. 31—te.

We are requested to announce CALVIN J. ROGERS, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of Wake County Court at the ensuing election.
April 7th, 1853. 41—te.

We are requested to announce OSBORNE BOWERS as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court, at the ensuing August Election. If elected, he will devote himself, with untiring assiduity, to the discharge of the duties of the office.
March 18, 1853. 50—te.

We are requested to announce JEFF. UTLEY as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of the County of Wake, at the ensuing August election.
April 8, 1853. 41—te.

We are requested to announce JOHN L. TERRELL as a candidate for the Clerkship of the County Court of Wake.
April 28, 1853. 47—te.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONARY.

PUTTICK & MITCHELL would respectfully inform the public that their establishment is now in the "full tide of successful experiment," and they are prepared to execute all orders in their line: in Cake and Bread-baking, Candy making, &c. Nuts, Fruits, Groceries, &c., always kept on hand.

CIGARS. Our stock of Cigars is very large, some of them of the choicest brands, such as Ele Gratitude, Cobden Regalias, Silvas, Excelsior, El Ciervo, Steamboat Principes, and a variety too numerous to mention.

☞ Parties in the City or country furnished with every description of Confectionaries, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. BRIDE'S CAKE carefully packed and sent to any part of the State. Sugar and Molasses Cakes, also Candy, suitable for country Stores, packed in barrels or smaller packages, cheaper than they can be bought at any other House in North Carolina or Virginia. Low profits and quick sales, is our motto.
Raleigh, May 28th, 1853. 56—tf.

TAR RIVER ACADEMY.

THE next Session of this School will open on the 12th day of July next.

Terms of Tuition per Session of 5 months $7 50 to $15. Board with the trustees $5 per month.

The present principal, Mr. Jno. F. Dance, has had charge of this institution for the last 18 months, and has proven himself eminently qualified for the responsible station.

The object of the trustees has been from the start to afford a good School preparatory to any College in the country at so low a price as to make success certain—to effect this they place board at $5 per month, which is so low that it should not be estimated as a part of the expense at all.

The School is located in Granville county, 9 miles west of Oxford, in a healthy, moral and pleasant neighborhood.

For further particulars, address
C. W. ALLEN, Secretary.

Trustees—Dr. Jas. A. Russell, Wm. Clement, Allen Walker, Jas. C. Cozart and L. P. Allen.
Tar River P. O., Granville Co., N. C. } 974 wt12J'y.
May 28th, 1853.

CHURCH BOOKS!

A TREATISE on the Laws of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the U. S., by Murray Hoffman.

A Presbyterian Clergyman looking for the Church, by One of Three Hundred.

The History of the Church of England, by J. B. S. Canvithen, B. D., late of St. Mary Hall, Oxford; Bampton Lecturer for 1809, and Vicar of Sandhurst, Berks.

A Church Dictionary, by Walter Farquehar Hook, D. D., Vicar of Leedes.

Daily Steps towards Heaven or practical thoughts on Gospel History, and especially on the Life and Teachings of our Lord Jesus Christ, for every day in the year according to the Christian seasons.

*** It is a vade Mecum for the pious Churchman, and would be a profitable companion for every Christian. Also a great variety of other Church Books, on hand and for sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
May 26th, 1853. 56—

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PURSUANT to an order of our Court of Equity for Wake County, Spring Term, 1853, in the petition of Eliz. Rhodes, by her guardian, *ex parte*,

I will expose at public sale on the premises on the 11th of June next, the lands mentioned in the pleadings. Said lands situate in the County of Wake, bounded on the North by the Lands of Thos. J. Lemay, on the East by the lands of Mr. Daniel and Barnabus Johnson, on the South by the lands of Kimbrough Weathers and Henry Utley, and on the West by the lands of Eldridge Smith and W. Clayton, containing about 235 acres.

Terms of sale: Bonds well secured payable at six and twelve months, with interest from the date, and seventy-five dollars of purchase money to be paid cash at time of sale.
ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,
C. & M. in Equity.
Raleigh, May 28th, 1853. 56—td.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY notify all persons from trading for a Land Warrant, made to Sergant William Eaton of one hundred and sixty acres, which warrant had the assignment and was lost, miscarried or robbed from the mail about the 23 of March last, without my knowledge or consent; this is therefore to put all persons on their guard, as I intend applying for duplicate of the same.
WILSON FULTIN.
Danbury, Stokes County, N. C. } 56—6w.
May 16th, 1853. }

Ranger's Notice.

A GRAY Mare, with dark mane and tail, five feet high, twelve years old, appraised at forty-five dollars—taken up by Dr. W. Persons, in Franklin county, two miles north of Franklinton Depot.
T. N. CARLILE, Ranger.
May 25th, 1853. 56—2t.

Warrenton, N. C., FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 13th of June ensuing. Terms as heretofore. Those who may desire more particular information can have a circular sent to them. Address
DANIEL TURNER, President.
Warrenton, N. C., May 26th, 1853. 56—120J'e.

DAN RIVER INSTITUTE.

THE Spring Session of this School will close on the 31st May, and the Fall Session commences on the 5th July.
A. C. LINDSEY.
Yanceyville, May 24th, 1853. 56—3t.

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory.
RUFUS H. PAGE.

References:
Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E. B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup. Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G.*
Raleigh, Dec. 18, 1851. 14—tf.

AMERICAN HARDWARE, &C.
E. P. TABB & CO.
HEAD OF THE SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE receiving large additions to their stock, by almost every arrival from the East, which having been purchased at the cash discount prices, they are enabled, and determined to sell as low as articles of a similar quality can be bought in the Northern cities Their assortment comprises

Cotton, Wool, Horse and Negro Cards,
Long and short handle Manure Forks,
" " Shovels and Spades,
Box and screw up Coffee Mills,
Wire and Hair Sieves and Searches,
Cotton Leading Lines, Bed Cords,
White Hemp Rope, assorted sizes,
Shoe Brushes, Blacking, Hide Whips,
Broad and Narrow Axes, Adzes,
Fancy Steel Blade Garden Hoes,
A full assortment of Hollow Ware Castings, embracing Ovens, Pots, Spiders, Skillets, Fire Dogs, Griddles, &c.
Also a general assortment of Fancy Goods, such as Needles, Pins, Combs of every kind,
Tooth, Hair and Shaving Brushes,
Fancy Soap, Snuff and Shaving Boxes,
Bone, Fancy Gilt, Porcelain and Pearl Buttons,
Pocket Books, Porte Monnaies, Purses,
Silver, Brass, Steel and White Metal Thimbles,
Looking Glasses, &c.

April 26. 1853. 46—w3w.

ROBERTS'S
COPPER, TIN AND STOVE DEPOT,
ROANOKE SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

IN STORE, a large and varied assortment of all kinds of COPPER and TIN WARES, at wholesale and retail, lower than at any other establishment in Virginia. Copper Work for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c., &c., executed in the best manner, with due regard for steam pressure.

STOVES AND HOT-AIR FURNACES,
Of all kinds, for all purposes, Metallic Roofing, Gutters and Pipes for Buildings, Block Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Copper, Bar and Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., Ethereal Oil, and Lamps for using it, Shower Baths and Bathing Apparatus, of all the newest and most approved patterns.

WM. D. ROBERTS, JR.,
Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.
April 19, 1853. 44—sw6m.

WHOLEALE TRADE,
For March, 1852.

OUR SPRING STOCK of
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
s now complete. The assortment is large and commanding.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
are invited to call and examine styles and prices, feeling confident that we can offer as great inducements as any Jobbing House North or South.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL.
Sycamore Street Petersburg, Va.
34—

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &c.
DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
E. P. TABB & Co.,
HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VA.

HAVE received per ships Currituck, Star of the West and Conqueror, their Spring importations, comprising a full assortment of
Elwell' Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes,
Best C S Spades, Trace, Halter and Backband Chains,
Long and short handle Fry Pans,
Table and small Cutlery, a great variety.

To which they invite the attention of purchasers, pledging themselves to furnish every article as low as it can be purchased in the Northern cities.

April, 26, 1853. 46—w3w.

VALUABLE WARREN LANDS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber having determined to move South, offers for sale his valuable lands lying in the Counties of Warren and Halifax, situate 14 miles from Warrenton and 8 miles from Littleton, on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, containing 4,400 acres. These lands are equal to any in the County of Warren for the production of corn, wheat, and tobacco. About 700 acres of the tract is bottom land of a fine quality, one half of which is cleared and thoroughly canalled and drained, the other half is in original forest and heavily timbered. There is a sufficient quantity of cleared land on the tract, mostly fresh, to work fifty hands to advantage. The tract can be conveniently divided into three farms. It is unnecessary to give an extended description of these lands, as persons wishing to purchase will examine and judge for themselves. The subscriber being anxious to sell, will submit to a sacrifice to effect a sale; therefore persons wishing to invest capital in real estate would do well to examine these lands.

In my absence Mr. Evans will take pleasure in showing the land and making known the terms, which will be accommodating.

S. A. WILLIAMS.
Warren County, N. C., May 9, 1853. 50—8tw.

HARRIS'S BAKERY.
NORFOLK, VA.

THIS old and widely known establishment continues to furnish, of superior quality, and on the most reasonable terms:

BUTTER CRACKERS, WATER CRACKERS,
SUGAR CRACKERS, SODA CRACKERS,
ANTI-DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS,
AND WINE BISCUIT,

Also, MOLASSES CAKES, suitable for country stores, neatly put up in barrels and smaller packages.

CHARLES HARRIS.
Norfolk, April 25, 1853. 46—9m.pd.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND General Produce Brokers,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

OFFER their services to the Shipping, Planting, Trading and Manufacturing Interests.

We will give strict attention to Shipping or Selling Tobacco, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Lumber and Naval Stores; and Forwarding Merchandise with Despatch.

Lime, Plaster, Guano, Cement and Salt, always on hand.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER. JAMES C. WHITE.
April 7th, 1853. 41 3m.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

OFFER FOR SALE: 1,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt,
800 Casks Eastern and W. C. Lime,
150 bbls. S. F. Flour,
12 Hhds. Sides and Shoulders,
10,000 lbs. Virginia Cured Family Bacon,
50 packages Refined Sugar.
Orders for Merchandize filled with despatch.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va. April 14, 1853. 43—3m.

GUN, LOCK-SMITH, AND BELL-HANGER.
CHARLES KUESTER,

WOULD respectfully inform the Citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has located permanently in Raleigh, and has opened a Shop on Wilmington Street, (in Dr. Cooke's brick-building,) where he will be found at all times, ready to execute any "JOB" in his line, in a style that shall not be surpassed by any other person, and the charges shall always be moderate. CALL AND SEE.

Raleigh, February 21, 1853. 960—

WILLIAM S. MASON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Raleigh, N. C.,

WILL attend the Courts of Chatham and Wake. He can be found at his office on the same square with James McKimmon's residence.

January 22d, 1853. 20—1y.

WINSTON & CLARKE,
COUNSELLORS AND ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.

P. H. WINSTON. WM. J. CLARKE.
March 29, 1853.

ANOTHER box of that celebrated Oronoko Brand of chewing Tobacco. Received this day by
H. D. TURNER.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE undersigned being about to remove from the State for a time, offers for sale his farm at Beatties Ford, containing about 600 acres. Its situation for healthfulness, fertility, and beauty, is well known. It has every improvement for comfort that can be desired; as a location for mercantile business, a position for a Lawyer, (having six Court-Houses within a few hours journey;) or for a farmer it has great advantages. The buildings are of the most excellent character; a large Dwelling-House 50 ⋈ 60 feet large, two stories high, and all proper out Houses pertaining thereto. A large and commodious Cotton Gin-House, a Store-House, a Saw and Grist-Mill.

He will sell also all the Household FURNITURE, and a portion of his Library. The furniture is of the most superior order, of the latest style, and has been well kept.

There is no better property in the State. He will also sell for cash, his valuable stock of SLAVES, twenty one in number, many of them choice and young; on the 1st of June next. He also will sell his stock of

Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c.

His cattle are of the improved Kentucky breed, procured at much expense and trouble. Also a large quantity of

Corn, Fodder, Hay and Bacon.

He also offers the balance of the stock of GOODS belonging to the late firm of Wheeler & Kerr, on the most advantageous terms.

All the above is offered at private sale, and if not sold privately, will be offered publicly on Wednesday the 1st day of June next, and continue from day to day until all is sold. Terms made known on the day of sale.

Seldom is such property offered for sale, and great bargains may be expected. The title of said property to be placed beyond all question.

All persons indebted to me or to the late firm of Wheeler & Kerr, must make payments forthwith.

JOHN H. WHEELER.
Beatties Ford, Lincoln county, N. C., May 2, 1853.
[50—t1J.

The North Carolina Whig and Western Democrat, Charlotte; the Yorkville Remedy, Yorkville, S. C.; the North Carolina Argus, Wadesboro', will copy until 1st June and send accounts to J. H. W.

NEW FIRM AND NEW STORE,
In Forestville, N. C.

THE subscribers having bought the Store-House and lot lately occupied by Owen and Williams and entered into co-partnership under the firm of

JONES & CRENSHAW,

for the purpose of conducting a mercantile business, beg leave most respectfully to inform the public that they are now receiving their

Spring and Summer Supply of Goods;

bought with the utmost care by the senior partner, and upon the most favorable terms. We shall give our personal attention to the Store, endeavoring to please, and to cash and punctual customers we will sell GOOD BARGAINS.

We solicit an examination of our well selected Stock (which we will regularly replenish,) and hope to merit and share liberally of public patronage. Call and judge for yourself and oblige,

WILLIE D. JONES,
WM. M. CRENSHAW
Forestville, April 1, 1853. 969—w4w

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c. at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. PERRY.)
Petersburg, Virginia May 5th, 1852. 52—

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,
At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent

Stock of Leather and Findings,

for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins.
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,

Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warronted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. tf.

We Study to Please.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.
A NEW DRY GOOD STORE,
On Fayetteville street, second door below Messrs. Williams, Haywood & Co.'s Drug Store.

JOHN CREECH has just returned from the Northern cities, where he has purchased a large and beautiful assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, of the latest styles and patterns for the Spring and Summer Trade. Also, a large and beautiful assortment of Hats and Caps of all kinds; a large and beautiful assortment of Ladies and Misses Bonnets, and children's Hats and Flats, all of the latest styles. Also, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, Guns and Pistols, Hardware and Cutlery; a good assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols a good assortment of men's and boys summer Clothing which will be sold too low to fear the competition of Jews.

All persons in want of New Goods and good bargains will do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I tender my most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage I have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of my business, to merit its continuance.

JOHN CREECH.
Raleigh, N. C., March 8th, 1853. 32—w.

State of North Carolina, Ashe County.

COURT OF EQUITY, SPRING TERM, A. D. 1853.
Linville Williams, Emerilla Williams, Sam'l. D. Caldwell and his wife Susan, *vs.* John Williams, Henry Williams, James Toliver, Catharine Williams, John Wesley Williams, Alfred Clawson and wife Nancy, Martha Ann Williams and Polly Jane Williams.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Polly Ann Williams, one of the defendants in this suit, hath removed from this State, and is a non resident, it is ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks notifying the said Polly Ann Williams to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court of Equity, at the next term to be held for the County of Ashe, at the Court House in Jefferson, on the 2d Monday in September next, and then and there to plead, answer or demur, otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against her.

Witness George Bower, Clerk and Master in Equity, at office, the 3d Monday in March, A. D. 1853.

GEO. BOWER, C. M. E.
April 16, 1853. (Pr. Adv. $5.62½.) 968—6w.

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having determined to exchange Merchandizing for Agriculture, offers for sale all his Real Estate in the town of Tarborough, to wit:

His Store Lot on the Court-House square, well known as "The Brick Store," with all necessary ware-houses and other buildings for merchandizing.

This Lot is considered one of the most desireable in Town, and has been tenanted as a place of trade without intermission ever since the foundation of the town.

Also, the residence of the subscriber, which has a good dwelling-house of five rooms, a basement and cellar, and all necessary buildings for a town residence—good fruit garden, &c.

The residence is located in one of the best neighborhoods of the town, and was successively occupied by the late Joseph B. Lloyd, James Weddell, and the late Henry I. Toole.

All the buildings and improvements are in good repair. Also, for sale a well assorted Stock of Goods.

JOSEPH H. BOWDITCH.
Tarborough, April 14th, 1853. 44—tf

Tombs, Monuments, Head-Stones, &c

THE Subscriber having been North and purchased a large assortment of Italian and American MARBLE for *Monuments, Tombs*, and *Headstones*, and *Hearth paint stones, slabs* for *Soda Founts, Baker's Slabs*, and Nova Scotia *grindstones*, solicits the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. He invites the citizens to call and see his monuments, tomb and head stones and drafts, or send their orders which will be punctually attended to.

The subscriber has been in business in this place sixteen years, and you can refer to any of the citizens of Raleigh.

His Marble-Yard is ten minutes' walk from the State House, at the South-East Corner of the Graveyard.

The subscriber has examined the Northern priees and has no hesitation in saying he can do work on as reasonable terms as any.

WILLIAM STRONACH.
Raleigh, Sept. 6, 1852. 85—1y.

Caswell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

THIS Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and located in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to WILLIE J. PALMER, *Secretary*, or the subscriber,

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton. N. C. April 15, 1853. 43—tf.

HURRAH FOR CHATHAM!
NEW TOBACCO FACTORY AT PITTSBORO'.
LONG & BURNET,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Chatham and adjoining Counties that they have established

A TOBACCO FACTORY

in Pittsboro', and wish to purchase all kinds of Tobacco, viz: Common and Fine. For fine yellow Tobacco they are willing to pay liberal prices, from $6 to $12½, according to quality and color.

All those having Tobacco for sale will do well to give us a trial before selling elsewhere, as we are determined to give the full value for each quality.

Pittsborough, Feb. 4, 1853. 23—3m.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with a decree of Wake Court of Equity, at Spring Term, 1853, I shall offer for sale on Friday, the 3d day of June next, at Stricklands Store in Wake County, a tract of land owned by the late Berry Bunn containing about four hundred and eighteen acres and lying on the west-side of Moccasin Creek and bounded by the lands of Code Bunn and others; also on the same day two tracts of land in Franklin County, one containing about sixty acres, adjoining the lands of Obediah Strickland and others, and the other on Moccasin Creek containing by estimation three hundred and seventy two acres. The two last named tracts to be sold on the premises.

Terms of sale six and twelve months credit, bond and good security required.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD, C. M.
April 28, 1853. 47—

NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS
AT THE BAZAAR!!

WHITE, Buff, Brown, Mottled, Plaid, Striped, and Planters' Linen Coats; White and Buff Grass do., Drab, Blue and Mottled Croton do., Black and Fancy Alapaca do., Plaid and Fancy Cassimere do., Blk. Summer Cloth and Cassimere Sacks, half Sacks and Frocks, Tweeds, Cashmeretts and Angolas do.; Planters' Linen, Plaid, White, Striped, Mottled Linen, and Cassimere Pants in great variety; Sontag, Cassimere, Silk and Linen Vestings, Quiltings and Weltings do., rich styles. A large assortment of Lawn and Linen Cambric Handkerchifs, plain and fancy borders, Silk and Lisle Embroidered Cravats, plain and fancy Lawn do., fancy Silk do. Alexander's and Chossin's White and Colored Kid Gloves, Black do., Lisle and Linen do., Washed Norway do., Fine Doe do., Black Colored Silk do., Plaid and Striped Silk and Cotton Half Hose do. We are weekly receiving large supplies selected from the most desirable styles in the market, which we warrant made equal to custom work in fit and finish.

Our furnishing Department comprises every new and fashionable article necessary for a regular outfit, which will be sold at the lowest market prices by

A. S. SHAFER & CO., Clothing Bazaar,
Sycamore street.
Petersburg, April 28, 1852. 47—

SAM'L M. WILSON. | GEO. W. GRICE.

WILSON & GRICE,
GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 11, High Street and Pierce's Wharf,
Portsmouth, Va.

GIVE their personal and prompt attention to the Sale and Forwarding of Produce and Merchandize of every description, and make liberal consignments.

REFERENCES.
Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh.
" King, Thomas & Barrow, Louisburg.
" R. N. & D. C. Herndon, Oxford.
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren County.
Col. S. S. Royster, Granville.
Messrs. Jno. White & Co., Warrenton.
" Montgomery & Plummer, do.
Col. Walter Gwynn, Ch'f Eng. Central Rail Road.
May 2, 1853. 48—1y.

PETER W. HINTON,
Commssion & Forwarding Merchant,
NO. 1, 2 & 3, ROTHERYS' WHARF,
NORFOLK, VA.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale of Flour, Cotton, Tobacco and other Produce.

Advances made on consignments.

Strict attention paid to forwarding and receiving merchandize.

REFERENCES.
Maj. Chas. L. Hinton, Raleigh.
George W. Haywood, Esq., Raleigh,
J. B. G. Roulhac, Esq., Raleigh,
William Plummer, Esq., Warrenton.
April 19, 1853. 44—w.6m.

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 29—1y.

Fine Table Cutlery.—One sett Ivory Handled Balance Knives and Forks, 51 ps.
Ivory Handled Carvers and Forks.
Do. Game do.
Do. Butter Knives.
Also a good lot of Weeding Hoes. For sale by
J. BROWN.
April 25, 1853. 47—

Candles! Candles!! A supply of Sperm and Adamantine Candles, very good and at reduced prices—may be had of P. F. PESCUD.
February 22d, 1853.

NOVELTY WORKS
WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,
SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR,
BUILDER OF
Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

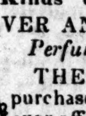
Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.
Mr. SILAS BURNS,
Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3⅔ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.
June 2, 1852. 59.

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.
PALMER & RAMSAY,
DEALERS IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,
Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.



THE subscribers are receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of
100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Brestpins and Rings,
Bracelets, Cuff Pins and Armletts,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.

October 4, 1852. 94

TO the Public.—*A perfect Luxury in Summer and Winter.* The subscriber has on hand a supply of the best quality of curled hair, and is still manufacturing a superior quality of hair Mattresses. He would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish them with the best articles in his line as cheaply as they can be bought in New York. Persons from the neighboring villages and counties, who have heretofore sent North, can provide themselves with as good an article at the subscriber's, and at as low a price; as he is prepared to and will furnish them, at the shortest notice, at prices ranging from $4 to $30.

ALSO, constantly on hand the much improved shuck and Cotton Mattresses, at the lowest prices. Also, sofas, lounges, &c. manufactured in various styles. Repairing of sofas, easy-chairs, and renovating old Mattresses, &c, done with neatness and despatch. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to

My Ware-Room is on Fayetteville Street, three doors above the Yarbrough House.

J. H. HARRIS,
Upholsterer and Mattress Maker.

Good Feathers taken at the highest prices in exchange for Mattresses.

Raleigh March 1, 1853. 32

Commissioner's Office.

THE undersigned has been appointed Commissioner for the States of Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas, and expects to receive the same appointment for other of the western and southwestern States. He is prepared to take the Probate of all Deeds, Powers of Attorney and other intruments of writing to be used in those States. Also Depositions to be readinary of their Courts.

As Notary Public, having a seal of office, he can take the Probate of Instruments of writing to be used in most of the States of the Union.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton, N. C., April 20th, 1853. 47—1m.

NOTICE.

STRAYED, from the premises of the Subscriber, on the night of Sunday, the 10th instant, Two Grey Horses, of medium size, one large Horse Mule, and a small one year old Mule—the mules both sorrels.

Any information respecting them will be thankfully received, and should any person take them up they will be suitably renumerated. JOHN T. KENNEDY.

Goldsboro' April 21, 1853 47—wtf.

$10 REWBRD.

LEFT on the 20th of March, ALFRED, a copper-colored boy, 18 to 19 years old, well grown, 5 feet, 6 or inches high—talks on the end of his tongue—had on a wool hat, badly worn, and yarn clothing. He carried off a cloth cap, and a blanket with other clothing.

ALFRED has relations in Raleigh, and also at William Turner's, in Johnston Co.

The subscriber's Post Office is at Raleigh.

CASWELL POWELL.
Wake Co., March 23, 1853. 36—tf.

$50 REWARD!

A FREE negro, by the name of Jones Mitchel, alias Jones Kiff, broke from the Jail of Orange county, on the 9th day of March instant. Said boy is a mulatto, stout built, about five feet seven or eight inches high, quick spoken and intelligent, about 30 years of age, had on, when he broke from said jail, a wool hat, a black blanket sack or over coat. He, I understand, was bound, when a boy, to a gentleman at Raleigh by the name of John H. Christopher. The above reward will be given for his apprehension and delivery to me at this place.

RICHARD M. JONES, *Sheriff.*
Hillsborough, March 10th, 1853. 34—w tf.

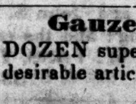
$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, near Raleigh, in December last, a negro boy named WILLIS PERRY. Said negro is about six feet high, very black, and shows his teeth, which are large and white, very plainly. He is bowlegged, one leg more crooked than the other. He has a peculiar scar on one of his forefingers, extending from joint to joint. He will no doubt attempt to pass as a free man under an assumed name.

The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said negro to the subscriber at Raleigh, or fifteen dollars for his confinement so that I get him again.

BENJ. TROLLINGER.
Raleigh, Feb. 21, 1853. 28—tf.

STRAYED,



FROM Johnson Busbee's, a few days since, a dark bay MARE, some eight or nine years old, one hind foot slightly white, and foretop recently trimmed. She formerly belonged to Mr. Estis, near Henderson. A liberal reward will be given for her delivery at Raleigh, or for information of her whereabouts.

May 13th, 1853. 51—

Gauze Merino Shirts.

50 DOZEN superior Gauze Merino Shirts, a very desirable article for Summer ware, at
HARDING'S.
May 9th, 1853. 50—

Irish Potatoes.

A FEW barrels of those superior Carter Potatoes on hand—price reduced to close sales.
JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply of this justly celebrated Extract, too well and highly appreciated to need any comments, is just received and for sale at PESCUD'S.

Cheltenham Salts. A supply in Store and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.
May 6th, 1853. 49—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,



ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals
PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,
Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1853. 94—

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matter to possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

CLASSICAL AND
MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL
In Raleigh.

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the 1st Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months.* Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12 per month.

Fees of Latin, Greek, and Mathematics, $25,00
French extra, 10,00

One half the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance. L. WADDELL.

February 5, 1853. 24—1y.

The Best Work on Fruit Trees ever Published.

THE FRUIT GARDEN, a Treatise intended to illustrate and explain the Physiology of Fruit Trees, the Theory and Practice of all operations connected with the Propagation, Transplanting, Prunning and Training of Orchard and Garden Trees, as Standards Dwarfs, Pyramids, Espaliers, &c., the laying out and arranging different kinds of Orchards and Gardens, the selection of suitable varieties for different purposes and localities, gathering and preserving Fruits, treatment of Diseases, destruction of Insects, description and uses of Implements, &c., illustrated with upwards one hundred and fifty Figures, representing different parts of Trees, all practical operations, forms of trees, Designs for Plantations, and Implements, &c. by P. Barry, of Mount Hope Nurseries, Rochester, New York, 1 vol. 12 mo. 3d edition. For sale by

H. D. TURNER.
Raleigh, April 18th, 1853.

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.
September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

Just Received,

3,000 PRINCIPE; 3,000 Regalias; 3,000 short Havannah, all genuine imported Cigars; 3,000 Domestic of different brands.
500 lbs chewing Tobacco; 300 lbs smoking Tobacco.

F. MAHLER & Co.
May 4, 1853. 48—

SUPERIOR READY MADE.
DAILY ARRIVALS AT HARDINGS.

JUST RECEIVED, 200 pairs Superior Fancy Cassemere Pants.
March 31st, 1853. 39—

A TREATISE on the Adulteration of Food and Drink, and plain and simple directions for detecting them, with One Hundred Recipes for tooth powders, hair dyes, skin powders, perfumes, &c. by M. P. Byrne, M. D., 1 volume, 12mo. For sale at
TURNER'S N. C. Book Store.
Raleigh, April 18. 1853.

Extracts and Perfumery.

P. F. PESCUD has just received a supply of the most choice and superior Extracts for the Handkerchief, and for flavoring Pies and Puddings, ever offered for sale in Raleigh; consisting in part of the following, viz:

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF: Upper Ten, New Mown Hay, Honey-Suckle, Jocker Club, Essence Bouquet, Sweet Clover, Helistrope, Prarie Flower, Cologne, Citronella Rose, Verbena, Clernatis, Ferinas, Tea Rose, Geranum, Hedyoimia, Magnolia, Violet, Patchoney.

FOR FLAVORING PIES, &c. Essence Lemon, Es. Butter Almonds, Peach, Celery, Gelatine, Corn Starch, Arrow Root, &c.

Raleigh, March 24th, 1853. 37—

NOTICE TO CONFECTIONERS.

WE would respectfully inform our friends of Raleigh and vicinity that we are now in possession of a very extensive assortment of Fruits, Confectionaries, Toys, &c., and would advise all those who desire laying in their Christmas supplies to send in their orders early, so as there may be no difficulty in getting their articles forwarded by the Mail Trains. If delayed too long, owing to the grea quantity of goods to be sent by these trains for the Holiday's, some may be prevented.

SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON.
Petersburg, Va., December 15, 1852. 10—

Office Wilmington & Raleigh Railroad Co'y.
WILMINGTON, April 8th, 1853.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives, at this office, on and after Monday, 2d May next.

By order, JAMES S. GREEN,
Treas. Wil. & R. R. Co.
April 14th, 1853. 43—1m.

Newell's Patent Safety Fluid Lamp AND LAMP FEEDER.

A new article, warranted to prevent all accidents from the use of Burning Fluid, Camphene, and all other explosive compounds used for the production of light. The principle adopted by Mr. Newell to prevent explosion is that of the well known "Davy's" Safety Lamp for Miners. For sale by

P. F. PESCUD.
February 22d, 1853. 28—

SPECIAL EXPRESS NOTICE.
PARISEN & KING'S
NEW YORK, VIRGINIA, AND N. CAROLINA
FREIGHT, PACKAGE, AND PARCEL
EXPRESS.
Per Steamships Roanoke and Jamestown.

THE Proprietors beg leave to inform the Merchants, Bankers, and public generally of Raleigh, that having bought out the interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, and made arrangements, with the New York and Virginia Steamship Company for the transportation of their Express to Norfolk, Petersburg, and Richmond, and concluded arrangements with Messrs. H. D. Byrd & L. O'B Branch, Esq's., of the Petersburg and Gaston, and Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, they are now prepared to transmit to and from New York, or either of their Agencies, every description of *Merchandize, Valuable Packages*, Bank Notes, Specie, Notes, Drafts, Bills, &c., with the greatest expedition, and at the most economical rates. We shall spare no trouble or expense, in making this the popular *Express* of Virginia and North Carolina; our long experience in the business North and West, and our ample means to conduct the same, we hope, will be a sufficient guarantee to the Merchants, to direct their correspondents to dispatch their goods through PARISEN & KING'S EXPRESS. We also wish it distinctly understood that we are in *direct* opposition to the old monopoly. *Give us a trial.*

W. B. PARISEN, } Proprietors,
JAS. H. KING, } ASTOR HOUSE, N. Y.
J. D. GRONER, Norfolk, Va., } H. D. TURNER,
W. D. TOWNES, Petersb'g, Va., } Raleigh, N. C.
M. V. L. MAULE, Rich'd, Va., }

N. B. We would also ask the attention of merchants at the following places—Chapel Hill, Hillsborough, Greensborough, Fayetteville, Salem, Cheraw, Pittsborough, Ashborough, and Salisbury, to facilities offered them for the transmission of *light packages* by our Express from Raleigh; and all orders sent to our Agent, H. D. Turner, Esq., for us, will meet with prompt attention. P. & K.

☞ There is a splendid line of Steamers plying regularly between New York and Philadelphia, daily at 5 o'clock, p. m., and their freight from Philadelphia to New York is very low. The Steamers leaving Philadelphia on Tuesday and Friday connect with Parisen & King's Express for the South from N. Y. Wednesday and Saturday. Merchants ordering their goods, from Philadelphia, to care of Parisen & King's Express, New York, will find this a much quicker way to get their goods, and at one-half of the cost.

Raleigh, March 22, 1853., 39—1y.

WM. B. PARISEN has this day associated with him, in the Express business, JAS. H. KING, Esq., and the business will hereafter be conducted under the style and firm of PARISEN & KING.

New-York, Feb 14, 1853.

THE subscribers having bought out the entire interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, the business hereafter will be conducted by Messrs. PARISEN & KING, at present No 2 Vesey street.

NOTICE.—Having disposed of my entire interest in the Express business, heretofore known as "Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express," I take pleasure in recommending to the community at large, the enterprising gentlemen composing the firm of Messrs. PARISEN & KING, who have assumed that business as Express Forwarders. LEVI DODGE.

Feb 14, 1853. 39—2m.

Scientific and Practical Works.

THE American Miller, and Millwright's Assistant, by William Carter Hughes, editor of the American Miller, New York, illustrated by drawings of the most approved machinery, 12mo. The Turner's Companion, containing instructions in concentric, eliptic, and eccentric turning, also, various plates of chucks, tools and instruments, and directions for using the eccentric cutter, drill, vertical cutter and circular rest, with patterns and instructions for working them, illustrated by numerous engravings, 12mo. Builder's Companion, containing the elements of building, surveying and architecture, with practical rules and instructions, by A. C. Smeaton, with 70 engravings, 12mo, new edition. Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer's Companion, by J. Stokes, illustrated, a new edition, 12mo. Painter, Guilder, Varnisher, and Glass Stainer's Companion, 12 mo. Dyer and Colomaker's Companion. Electrotype Manipulations; being the theory and plain instructions in the art of working metals, by precipitating them from their solutions, through the agency of galvanic or voltaic electricity, by Charles V. Walker, Hon. Secretary to the London Electrical Society, etc., illustrated by wood cuts, from the 14th London edition, new edition. The American Cotton Spinner and Managers' and Carders' Guide, a practical treatise on Cotton Spinning, giving the dimensions and speed of machinery, draught, and twist calculations, etc., with notices of recent improvements, together with rules and examples for making changes in the size and number of roving and yarn, compiled from the papers of the late Robert H. Baird. 16mo. 252 pages. The Year Book of Facts, in Science and Art, exhibiting the most important discoveries and improvements in Mechanics and the Useful Arts, Natural Philosophy, Electricity, Chemistry, Zoology and Botony, Geology and Geography, Meteorology, and Astronomy, by John Timbs. Editor of The Arcana of Science and Art, 16mo. 320 pages. Elwood's Grain Tables, showing the value of different kinds of Grain, calculated in Federal Money, of any quantity from one pound to 10,000 bushels, 12 mo.

For sale by H. D. TURNER,
Raleigh, April 1853 N. C. Bookstore.

Quinton Utley's Tooth-Ache Drops.
FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTHACHE.
One of the Greatest Discoveries of the 19th Century!

FROM the numerous applications I have had for the above preparation, for the last few months, the uniform success which has attended its use, its salutary effects, its power to give immediate relief in the severest cases of Toothache, I have been induced to offer it to those who may be afflicted; with the utmost confidence in its virtue, and the full belief that it will subdue and give entire relief to the severest toothache without the slightest injury to the tooth. I have got (and can get,) numerous testimonials of its efficacy—some from distinguished gentlemen, and all from as reliable persons as are in the State, a publication of which I deem unnecessary at this time, as one of these Drops when tried in an aching tooth will be worth more to the manufacturer and the patient, than all the certificates from great men that could be procured.

The preparation is known only to myself. Every phial is carefully put up by my own hands in the City of Raleigh and labelled with directions for use, and may be found at IRA BECKWITH'S Store, on Fayetteville St. a few doors North of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel, where it will be constantly kept for sale either by the wholesale or retail. Also for sale by the retail at Jone's Drug Store, Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va., and at Andrew Bett's Store, Wake County, N. C. Retail price 50 cts. per Bottle—liberal deduction made when taken by the quantity.

To all who may have the toothache—try it, and then it will need no puffing.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by Mr. Beckwith or myself.

QUINTON UTLEY.
Raleigh, September 7, 1852. 86—1y.

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mill Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.
Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.
Important Improvement.—Elastic Universal Touch

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.
Raleigh, 1850. 20—6m.

MOFFAT'S PILLS & PHOENIX BITTERS. Another supply just to hand. Those who have been in want of these highly approved Medicines may be supplied at Pescud's DRUG STORE.